



Towards greener and more resilient ATM

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INDUSTRY-DRIVEN RESPONSES 2030 CO₂ EMISSIONS SAVINGS & CONTRIBUTION TO 55% REDUCTION TARGET

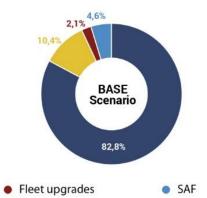


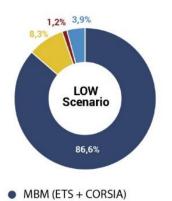
	High	Base	Low	
Savings from ATM improvements	25.5 MtCO ₂ / 12.4%	18.3 MtCO ₂ / 10.4%	13.0 MtCO ₂ / 8.3%	
Savings from fleet upgrade	6.1 MtCO ₂ / 3%	3.8 MtCO ₂ / 2.1%	1.9 MtCO ₂ / 1.2%	
Savings from SAF	18.0 MtCO ₂ / 8.8%	8.1 MtCO ₂ / 4.6%	6.1 MtCO ₂ / 3.9%	
Emission Reduction Potential	49.6 MtCO ₂ saving / 24.1%	30.2 MtCO ₂ saving / 17.2%	21.0 MtCO ₂ saving / 13.4%	











OVERALL DECARBONISATION DIFFERENTIAL COSTS



Cumulative costs over 2022-2030 (€ billion)	High (with 10% SAF uptake in 2030)		Base (with 5% SAF uptake in 2030)		Low (with 4% SAF uptake in 2030)	
	Before industry measures	After industry measures	Before industry measures	After industry measures	Before industry measures	After industry measures
Extra fuel mix costs (SAF/kerosene)	€12.1	€-18.5	€10.0	€-11.4	€4.3	€-22.4
Extra ETS costs	€19.6	€8.7	€23.2	€14.9	€24.1	€18.3
Reduced CORSIA costs	€-0.6	€-1.4	€-0.3	€-0.8	€-0.2	€-0.6
Extra taxation costs	€30.9	€27.4	€28.8	€26.2	€26.6	€24.7
TOTAL cumulative costs	€62.0	€16.4	€61.8	€28.9	€54.8	€20.0

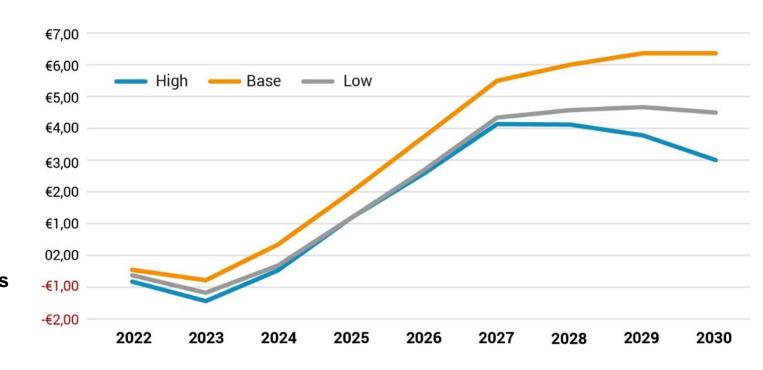
COST SAVINGS FROM INDUSTRY-DRIVEN MEASURES 2022-2030

Cost savings from industry-driven measures 2022-2030 (€ billion)	High (with 10% SAF uptake in 2030)	Base (with 5% SAF uptake in 2030)	Low (with 4% SAF uptake in 2030)	
Fuel cost mix savings (SAF/kerosene)	€-30.6	€-21.4	€-26.7	
ETS cost savings	€-10.9	€-8.3	€-5.9	
CORSIA cost savings	€-0.7	€-0.5	€-0.4	
Taxation cost savings	€-3.5	€-2.6	€-1.9	
Cumulative cost savings	€-45.7	€-32.9	€-34.8	

The preferred trajectory to -55%



- The "High" scenario, boosted by a higher level of revenues, is the preferred trajectory to -55% in 2030 offering the most promising decarbonisation capability by 2050 at lower costs.
- The "Base" scenario demonstrates that without financial support and extra incentives, the costs of the decarbonisation measures can slow down the potential of the aviation industry to decarbonise.
- The "Low" scenario, affecting negatively the revenues, profitability and investment capabilities of the airspace users, presents the highest reliance on market-based measures obliging airlines to severely rely on carbon trading and offsetting measures. It exposes the weakest resilience in any future economic downturn and energy crisis.





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