

# LSSIP 2019 REPUBLIC OF NORTH MACEDONIA LOCAL SINGLE SKY IMPLEMENTATION



# **FOREWORD**

"We manage a seamless European airspace by linking together the elements of the European air traffic management system. Focusing on performance of the European network, we ensure that flights reach their destination safely, on time, with the least possible impact on environment and in a cost-efficient way".

With this mission, as Director NM, I must ensure to develop and operate effectively and efficiently the air traffic management network in Europe and beyond, to meet current and future airspace and ground capacity needs, in full partnership with all operational stakeholders.

In particular, one of the NM activities through the Infrastructure Division, is to focus on the planning and monitoring of the European ATM implementation of the SES objectives at the local level according to EU legislation.

For more than 26 years, the Local Single Sky ImPlementation (LSSIP) documents are expressing yearly the commitment of civil and military national organisations (Regulators and National Supervisory Authorities), Air Navigation Service Providers and Airport Operators, towards the implementation of the European ATM Master Plan (Level 3).

These documents provide an extensive and harmonised picture, for the benefit of the ATM community at large, of how all ECAC States as well as States having a Comprehensive Agreement with EUROCONTROL, and stakeholders concerned, are progressing in planning and deploying the mature elements of the European ATM Master Plan and the European aviation policies.

The reliability and quality of the data provided by the national stakeholders is of such a high quality that it allowed, for the fifth consecutive year, for the information in the LSSIP documents to constitute the sole source of information for the development of ICAO's Aviation System Block Upgrades (ASBUs) Implementation Monitoring Report in the ICAO EUR Region. EUROCONTROL undertakes this work, on behalf of ICAO, for all 55 ICAO/EUR States in accordance with the Global Air Navigation Plan (GANP).

In addition, EUROCONTROL is developing efficient practices to avoid unnecessary duplication of reporting. We are cooperating with the SESAR Deployment Manager, the SESAR Joint Undertaking, the European Defence Agency and NATO on optimising the reporting mechanisms for relevant stakeholders by collecting some of the information needed on their behalf through the LSSIP process.

I would like to thank all the stakeholders for their engagement and substantial effort spent in contributing to the production of this LSSIP document. I see this as a proof of commitment to the principles of transparency and partnership, to the benefit of the entire ATM community!

I wish you a good read!

Iacopo PRISSINOTTI

Director NM - Network Manager

**EUROCONTROL** 

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Reference Documents	
LSSIP Documents	https://www.eurocontrol.int/service/local-single-sky-implementation-monitoring
Master Plan Level 3 – Plan Edition 2019	https://www.eurocontrol.int/publication/european-atm-master- plan-implementation-plan-level-3-2019
Master Plan Level 3 – Report Year 2019	https://www.eurocontrol.int/publication/european-atm-master- plan-implementation-report-level-3-2019
European ATM Portal	https://www.atmmasterplan.eu/
STATFOR Forecasts	https://www.eurocontrol.int/statfor
National AIP	http://www.mnavigation.mk/Data/Sites/1/media/eaip/start.htm

# **APPROVAL SHEET**

The following authorities have approved all parts of the LSSIP Year 2019 document and the signatures confirm the correctness of the reported information and reflect the commitment to implement the actions laid down in the European ATM Master Plan Level 3 (Implementation View) – Edition 2019.

Stakeholder / Organisation	Name	Position	Signature and date
CAA	Tomislav TUNTEV	Director General	Augstur
M-NAV	Nikolche TASESKI	President of M-NAV  Management Board	All 19.03.20

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# **Executive Summary**

## **National ATM Context**

Member State of:











#### Main national stakeholders:

- Civil Aviation Agency (CAA)
- Air Navigation Service Provider of the Republic of North Macedonia (M-NAV)
- Military Authorities
- Airport Operators

Main airport covered by LSSIP: International Airport Skopje and Ohrid "St. Paul the Apostle" airport.

# **Traffic and Capacity**

Summer Forecast (May to October inclusive)





Per ACC



Number of national projects: 7

#### Summary of 2019 developments:

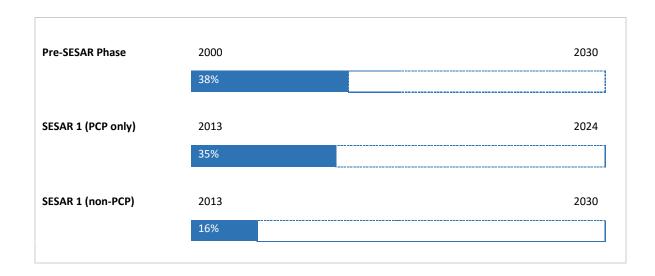
- As a major development regarding the projects in North Macedonia is the finalization of a certain phases of the new ATM system implementation. After conducting 5 SDR (system Design Review) sessions), the progress is rather significant and during the Q1of 2020, it is expected the Customisation visit/meeting to take place at the Contractor site. At the same time, it is expected the construction of the new operational and technical building to take place. All other projects are progressing in the expected manner.
- New ATCOs employed, currently under OJT trainings.
- The main national stakeholders, the ANSP, M-NAV and the regulator CAA have conducted some organisational changes in the structure of the organization, visible in the new organisational charts provided bellow.
- The Republic of North Macedonia started some activities towards accession into Blue Med FAB. During 2019, several meetings took place, with active participation from our State. A letter for acquiring associated member in the FAB, was submitted for approval from the member states. The process is ongoing, with expected final realisation in the period that follows.
- As for the legislative changes, during the previous year, no new Implementing Regulations were introduced into national legislation.

#### **Progress per SESAR Phase**

The figure below shows the progress made so far in the implementation of the SESAR baseline (Pre-SESAR and SESAR1 non-PCP) and the PCP elements.

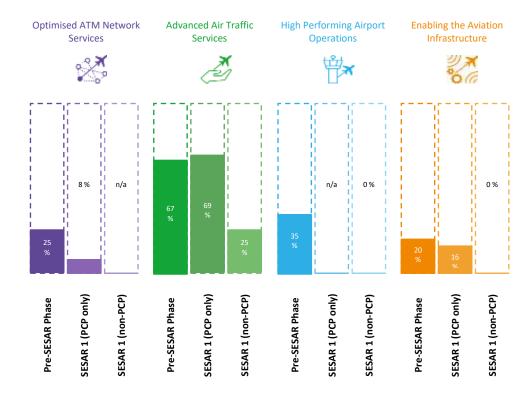
It shows the average implementation progress for all objectives grouped by SESAR Phases, excluding those for which the State is outside the applicability area as defined on a yearly basis in the European ATM Master Plan (Level 3) 2019, i.e. disregarding the declared "NOT APPLICABLE".LSSIP progress status.

The SESAR 1 (non-PCP) progress in the graphics below for this State is based on the following objectives: AOP17, ATC02.9, ATC18, ATC20 and NAV12.



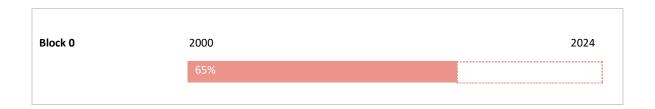
#### **Progress per SESAR Key Feature and Phase**

The figure below shows the progress made so far, <u>per SESAR Key Feature</u>, in the implementation of the SESAR baseline and the PCP elements. The percentages are calculated as an average, per Key Feature, of the same objectives as in the previous paragraph.



#### **ICAO ASBUs Progress Implementation**

The figure below shows the progress made so far in the implementation of the ICAO ASBUs Block 0. The overall percentage is calculated as an average of the relevant Objectives contributing to each of the relevant ASBUs; this is a summary of the table explained in Chapter 5.3 – ICAO ASBU Implementation Progress.



#### **ATM Deployment Outlook**

#### **State Objectives**



Deployed in 2018 - 2019

None

By 2020 By 2021 By 2022 By 2023+

- New Pan-European Network Service (NewPENS)

COM12 - 25 % progress

- Harmonise Operational Air Traffic (OAT) and General Air Traffic (GAT) Handling

AOM13.1 - 13 % progress - Migrate from AFTN to

- Migrate from AFTN to

COM10 - 44 % progress

- Surveillance Performance and Interoperability

ITY-SPI - 70 % progress

- Ensure Quality of Aeronautical Data and Aeronautical Information

ITY-ADQ - 15 % progress

- Short Term ATFCM Measures (STAM) - Phase 2

FCM04.2 - 05 % progress

- Automated Support for Conflict Detection, Resolution Support Information and Conformance Monitoring

ATC12.1 - 75 % progress

- Electronic Dialogue as Automated Assistance to Controller during Coordination and Transfer

ATC17 - 26 % progress

- Improve Runway Safety by Preventing Runway Excursions

SAF11 - 20 % progress

- Aircraft Identification

ITY-ACID - 03 % progress

- Common Flight Message Transfer Protocol (FMTP)

ITY-FMTP - 10 % progress

- Voice over Internet Protocol (VoIP) in En-Route

COM11.1 - 40 % progress

- Traffic Complexity Assessment

FCM06 - 10 % progress

- 8,33 kHz Air-Ground Voice Channel Spacing below FL195

ITY-AGVCS2 - 03 % progress

- Implement enhanced tactical flow management services

FCM01 - 28 % progress

- Initial ATC Air-Ground Data Link Services

ITY-AGDL - 08 % progress

- Collaborative Flight Planning

FCM03 - 34 % progress

 Electronic Terrain and Obstacle Data (eTOD)

INF07 - 05 % progress

- RNP 1 in TMA Operations NAV03.2 - 00 % progress

- RNAV 1 in TMA Operations

NAV03.1 - 09 % progress

- RNP Approach Procedures to instrument RWY

NAV10 - 33 % progress

# Introduction

The Local Single Sky ImPlementation (LSSIP) documents, as an integral part of the Master Plan (MP) Level 3 (L3)/LSSIP mechanism, constitute a short/medium term implementation plan containing ECAC States' actions to achieve the Implementation Objectives as set out by the MP Level 3 and to improve the performance of their national ATM System. This LSSIP document describes the situation in the State at the end of December 2019, together with plans for the next years.

Chapter 1 provides an overview of the ATM institutional arrangements within the State, the membership of the State in various international organisations, the organisational structure of the main ATM players - civil and military - and their responsibilities under the national legislation. In addition, it gives an overview of the Airspace Organisation and Classification, the ATC Units and the ATM systems operated by the main ANSP;

Chapter 2 provides a comprehensive picture of the situation of Air Traffic, Capacity and ATFM Delay per each ACC in the State. It shows the evolution of Air Traffic and Delay in the last five years and the forecast for the next five years. It also presents the achieved performance in terms of delay during the summer season period and the planned projects assumed to offer the required capacity which will match the foreseen traffic increase and keep the delay at the agreed performance level;

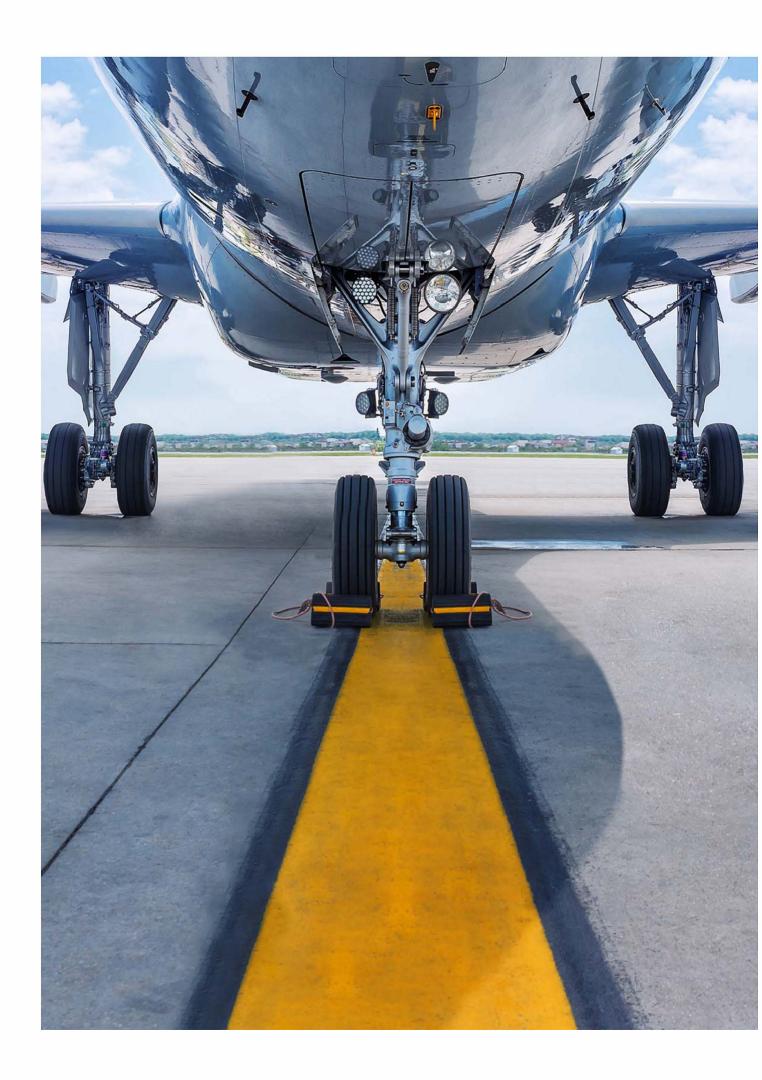
Chapter 3 provides the main Implementation Projects (at national, FAB and multinational level) which contribute directly to the implementation of the MP Operational Improvements and/or Enablers and Implementation Objectives. The Level 1 document covers a high-level list of the projects showing the applicable links. All other details like description, timescale, progress made and expected contribution to the ATM Key Performance Areas provided by the State per each project are available in the Level 2 document.

**Chapter 4** deals with other cooperation activities beyond Implementation Projects. It provides an overview of the FAB cooperation, as well as all other multinational initiatives, which are out of the FAB scope. The content of this chapter generally is developed and agreed in close cooperation between the States concerned;

**Chapter 5** contains aggregated information at State level covering the overall level of implementation, implementation per SESAR Key Feature and implementation of ICAO ASBUS. In addition, it provides the high-level information on progress and plans of each Implementation Objective. The information for each Implementation Objective is presented in boxes giving a summary of the progress and plans of implementation for each Stakeholder. The conventions used are presented at the beginning of the section.

The Level 1 document is completed with a separate document called LSSIP Level 2. This document consists of a set of tables organised in line with the list of Implementation Objectives. Each table contains all the actions planned by the four national stakeholders (REG, ASP, MIL and APO) to achieve their respective Stakeholder Lines of Action (SLoAs) as established in the European ATM Master Plan L3 Implementation Plan Edition 2019. In addition, it covers a detailed description of the Implementation Projects for the State as extracted from the LSSIP Data Base.

The information contained in Chapter 5 – Implementation Objectives Progress is deemed sufficient to satisfy State reporting requirements towards ICAO in relation to ASBU (Aviation System Block Upgrades) monitoring.



# 1. National ATM Environment

## 1.1. Geographical Scope

## **International Membership**

Republic of North Macedonia is a Member of the following international organisations in the field of ATM:

Organisation		Since
ECAC	✓	1997
EUROCONTROL	✓	1998
European Union		-
EASA		-
ICAO	✓	1993
NATO	✓	2020
ITU	✓	1993
EDA		-

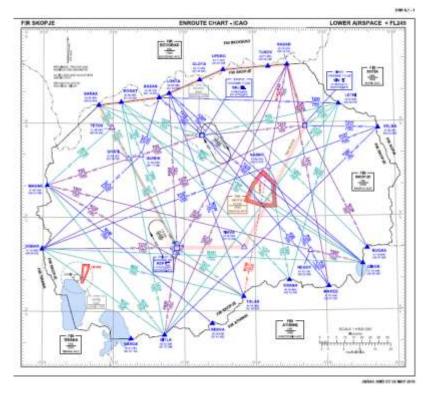
## Geographical description of the FIR(s)

The geographical scope of this document addresses Skopje FIR.

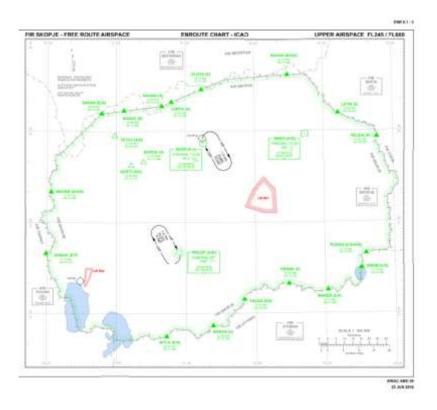
The Division Flight Level (DFL) separating upper from lower ATS airspace is FL245.

The following map shows the geographical situation of the North Macedonian airspace:

Lower airspace chart:

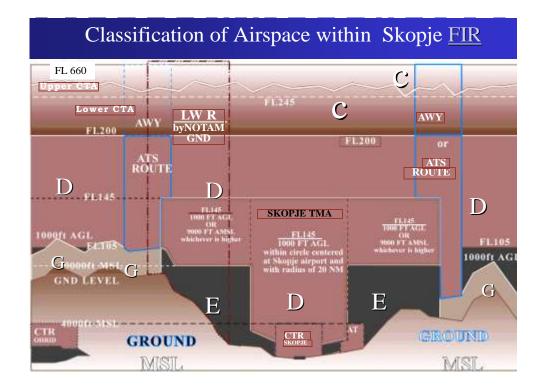


Upper, Free Route airspace chart:



# Airspace Classification and Organisation

On 27 November 2003, the airspace classification has been changed. Airspace ICAO class A from FL 200 till FL 660 was replaced by ICAO class C. No modifications have been stipulated for airspace classification below FL 200.



- 1. Airspace class C is applied to UTA from FL 245 till 660 and for CTA from FL 200 till FL 245 within the lateral limits of Skopje FIR (new TSA with defined limits for the purpose of operational use (OAT traffic) was introduced. Published in AIP RNM 02/01/2020).
- 2. Airspace class D applied to:
- CTA from FL 105 till FL 200 within the lateral limits of Skopje FIR
- all ATS routes within Skopje FIR (lower limit 1000ft AGL, upper limit FL200)
- Within the lateral limits of Skopje TMA
  - Lower limit 1000ft AGL within 20 NM circle centred at Skopje Airport, or 1000ft AGL or 9000ft AMSL outside the circle, whichever is higher
  - o Upper limit FL 145
- Skopje CTR within its lateral limits, lower limit GND upper limit 4000ft AMSL
- Ohrid CTR within its lateral limits, lower limit GND upper limit 4000ft AMSL
- 3. Airspace class E applied to CTA within Skopje FIR lateral limits, with exemption of CTRs, TMA and ATS routes, lower limit 1000ft AGL, upper limit FL105, and within Skopje TMA lower limit GND upper limit 1000 ft within 20 NM circle centred at Skopje airport or 1000ft AGL or 9000ft AMSL outside this circle, whichever is higher.
- 4. Airspace class G applied with lateral limits of Skopje FIR with exemption of TMA and CTRs from GND till 1000ft AGL

Metric system is not used, only imperial system is available in accordance with national regulations.

#### **ATC Units**

The ATC units in the North Macedonian airspace, which are of concern to this LSSIP, are the following:

ATC Unit	Number of sectors		Associated FIR(s)	Remarks
	En-route	TMA		
Skopje ACC/APP	2 (maximum 4 sectors)	1	Skopje FIR	2 sectors configuration usually operated in /2019. 3 sectors configuration has been operated whenever traffic demands.
Ohrid TWR/APP		1	Skopje FIR	

Two sectors configuration encompassed two vertical sectors, divided as follows:

- From GND to 345/355/365
- From 345/355/365 to 660

Three sectors configuration encompassed three vertical sectors, divided as follows:

- From GND to 345/355/365
- 345/355/365-385
- 385-660

Three-sector configuration is supported by the ATM system and VHF/VCS system.

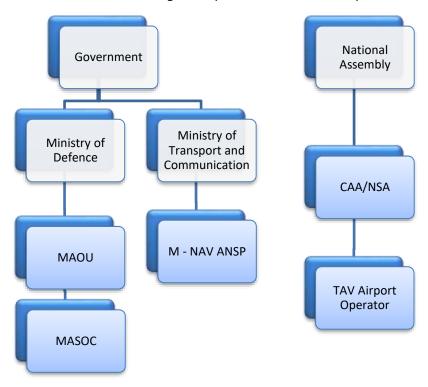
There is no Air Traffic Service delegation to/from other States.

#### 1.2. National Stakeholders

The main National Stakeholders involved in ATM in the Republic of North Macedonia are the following:

- Civil Aviation Agency (CAA)
- Air Navigation Service Provider of the Republic of North Macedonia (M-NAV)
- Military Authorities;
- Airport Operators

Their activities are detailed in the following subchapters and their relationships are shown in the diagram below:



National Stakeholders and/or LSSIP Representatives

Diagram

Top to bottom communication, coordination and/or supervisory role

# Civil Regulator(s)

#### **General Information**

Civil Aviation in the Republic of North Macedonia is the responsibility of the Ministry of Transport and Communication. The different national entities having regulatory responsibilities in ATM are summarised in the table below. The CAA is further detailed in the following sections.

Activity in ATM:	Organisation responsible	Legal Basis
Rule-making	CAA	Aviation Act
Safety Oversight	CAA/NSA	Aviation Act
Enforcement actions in case of non-compliance with safety regulatory requirements	CAA	National regulation which defines the mode, rules and specific requirements concerning the ATM safety oversight
Airspace	The government is currently responsible for managing the airspace. The establishment of Airspace Management board has been done in November 2011.  CAA is responsible for the oversight	
Economic	CAA	Aviation Act
Environment	Ministry of environment and physical planning	
Security	CAA	Aviation Act
Accident investigation	Committee for Investigation of Aviation Accidents and Serious Incidents	Aviation Act

#### Civil Aviation Agency (CAA)

The CAA was created in 1995 and was set up as a part of the Ministry of Transport and Communication. With the new Aviation Act, the status of the Civil Aviation Administration as body within the Ministry of Transport and Communication was changed into an independent authority outside of the Ministry of Transport and Communication under the name "Civil Aviation Agency".

However, the Aviation Act of 2006 stipulates in Article 7 that an independent CAA must be created with its own legal identity. This was achieved by 8 February 2007. With this change, CAA reports to the Government, but the Ministry of Transport and Communication is conducting administrative supervision of the work of CAA.

The CAA regulates and supervises all aviation activities. The CAA is established by the Aviation Act which also defines its responsibilities. In particular, the CAA is responsible for the supervision of the implementation of the provisions of the Aviation Act and the regulations enacted there under. The CAA also supports the drafting of laws and enacts bylaws related to National Aviation Safety Programme of the applicable international aviation standards, recommended practices and legislation of the EU, ICAO, ECAC, EASA and EUROCONTROL.

The formal consultation and approval with respect to rulemaking is the responsibility of the Governmental body "Secretariat for Legislation". Acting as regulator of the national aviation sector, the Agency is an independent state body and self-financed from the air navigation charges, airport infrastructure, issuing licenses, approvals and agreements fees.

The amendments of Aviation act enacted in May 2010 define CAA as a regulatory authority under the supervision of National Parliament. The National Parliament nominates 3 members of CAA's Management Board. The CAA Director is appointed by the CAA Management Board.

Annual Report published: Y	Annual working and development programme and annual financial plan of Aviation Agency of the Republic of North Macedonia for 2019 are stored intranet and will be available upon request.	
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Web-site- http://www.caa.gov.mk/

#### Air Navigation Service Provider of the Republic of North Macedonia (M-NAV)

#### Services provided

M-NAV, the State owned company being registered under the private company law for the ANS provision has been established on 1 July 2009. A governmental ordinance regarding the foundation of M-NAV has been enforced in 2009. The government assigned a supervisory board of the new company and the supervisory board appointed the M-NAV management board.

Governance:	Joint S	Stock Company	Ownership:	100 % State owned					
Services provided	Y/N	Comment							
ATC en-route	Υ	Skopje ACC	pje ACC						
ATC approach	Υ	Skopje APP/ Ohrid APP							
ATC Aerodrome(s)	Υ	Skopje TWR/Ohrid TWR							
AIS	Υ	2 airports plus en-route							
CNS	Υ	All ATM infrastructure is property of M-NAV							
MET	Υ	2 airports plus en-route	2 airports plus en-route						
ATCO training	Υ	Unit training							
Others		None							
Additional information:									
Provision of services in other State(s):	N								
Annual Report published:	Υ		http://mnavigation.m-nav.info/wp-content/uploads/2019/09/Godisen_2018_Final.pdf						

Web-site- www.mnavigation.mk

#### ATC systems in use

Main ANSP part of any technology alliance <sup>1</sup>	N	-	

#### **FDPS**

Specify the manufacturer of the ATC system currently in use:	SELEX
Upgrade <sup>2</sup> of the ATC system is performed or planned?	2021
Replacement of the ATC system by the new one is planned?	2021
ATC Unit	Skopje ACC/APP, Ohrid TWR/APP

#### **SDPS**

Specify the manufacturer of the ATC system currently in use:	SELEX
Upgrade of the ATC system is performed or planned?	2021
Replacement of the ATC system by the new one is planned?	2021
ATC Unit	Skopje ACC/APP

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Technology alliance is an alliance with another service provider for joint procurement of technology from a particular supplier (e.g. COOPANS alliance)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Upgrade is defined as any modification that changes the operational characteristics of the system (SES Framework Regulation 549/2004, Article 2 (40))

#### **Airports**

#### General information

The airports are state owned and managed by TAV Airports Holding, which is responsible for the management of two international Airports (International Airport Skopje and Ohrid "St. Paul the Apostle" airport).

#### Airport(s) covered by the LSSIP

Referring to the List of Airports in the European ATM Master Plan Level 3 Implementation Plan Edition 2019 – Annex 2, it is up to the individual State to decide which additional airports will be reported through LSSIP for those Objectives.

Therefore, International Airport Skopje is the only North Macedonian airport covered by the LSSIP Year 2019.

The EUROCONTROL Public Airport Corner also provides information for the following airport(s): Skopje SKP / LWSK: <a href="https://ext.eurocontrol.int/airport">https://ext.eurocontrol.int/airport</a> corner <a href="public/LWSK">public/LWSK</a>

#### Military Authorities

The Military Authorities involved in ATM in North Macedonia are composed of:

- North Macedonian Aviation Operation Unit (MAOU);
- North Macedonian Air Sovereignty Operation Centre (MASOC).

The civil/military co-ordination is organised at three levels. The highest level is the ministerial level between MoT and MoD. The level of CAA and the North Macedonian Air Defence Operation Centre within MoD is mainly concerned with technical matters. The operational problems of airspace use, co-ordination procedures and day-to-day problems are discussed between M-NAV and MAOU (North Macedonian Aviation Operation Unit). A further level exists for tactical decisions on Skopje ACC/APP and MAOU level. For the time being, the North Macedonian militaries do not possess military transport fleet.

Inside the North Macedonian Aviation Operation Centre, the ATM team is staffed with 7 persons. The military coordinators (3 persons) are responsible for the supervision of the military activities. The military controllers are responsible for the provision of ATS to the military flights inside the temporary restricted airspace. Outside the temporarily restricted area, the civilian ATCOs control the military flights.

The military zones for IFR/VFR flights are dynamically allocated within the Skopje FIR airspace on tactical and daily basis, upon military request. Dynamic airspace management is achieved through the real time verbal civil-military co-ordination; no plans exist for enhanced civil-military co-ordination with electronic tools.

The co-ordination of the military flights inside temporarily restricted area is done from the military premises, using their own equipment. For a purpose of co-ordination with the civilian ATC authorities, a telephone hot line has been established, in order to transfer the estimates about military flight exit/entry conditions in restricted areas.

The national equivalent of FUA concept is implemented; there are no operational needs for CDRs and the necessity of AMC has to be evaluated for further utilisation. Restricted areas are assigned by CAA NOTAM office, upon the military request. They are published in the national AIP.

Co-operation between the CAA and military with regard to Search and Rescue (SAR) activities is defined in the Government Regulation on method, organization and entities for Aircraft Search and Rescue, that was enacted in 2013 and published in Official Gazette of RM", No. 36/13.

Their regulatory, service provision and user role in ATM are detailed below.

# Regulatory role

## Regulatory framework and rule making

OAT		GAT			
OAT and provision of service for OAT governed by national legal provisions?	Provision of service for GAT by the Military governed by national legal provisions?				
Level of such legal provision: Aviation Act, Instruct Service provision to OAT	Level of such legal provision: N/A				
Authority signing such legal provision: National Asse respect of Aviation Act, CAA DG and the commander of Macedonian Air Force regarding the instruction		Authority signing such legal provision: N/A			
These provisions cover:		These provisions cover:			
Rules of the Air for OAT	Υ				
Organisation of military ATS for OAT	Υ	Organisation of military ATS for GAT	N/A		
OAT/GAT Co-ordination	Υ	OAT/GAT Co-ordination	N/A		
ATCO Training	N	ATCO Training	N/A		
ATCO Licensing	N	ATCO Licensing	N/A		
ANSP Certification	N	ANSP Certification	N/A		
ANSP Supervision	N	ANSP Supervision	N/A		
Aircrew Training	Υ	ESARR applicability	N/A		
Aircrew Licensing	Υ				
Additional Information: None		Additional Information: N/A			
Means used to inform airspace users (other than rabout these provisions:	military)	Means used to inform airspace users (other than m about these provisions:	ilitary)		
National AIP	Υ	National AIP	N/A		
National Military AIP	N	National Military AIP	N/A		
EUROCONTROL eAIP		EUROCONTROL eAIP	N/A		
Other:	None	Other:	-		

# Oversight

OAT	GAT
National oversight body for OAT: Ministry of Defence	NSA (as per SES reg. 550/2004) for GAT services provided by the military: Ministry of Defence
Additional information: None	Additional information:

#### Service Provision role

The service provision to the OAT is mandated to M-NAV, except the handing of OAT within the restricted areas, whereas the ATS to OAT is provided by the military co-ordinators.

OAT		GAT		
Services Provided:		Services Provided: N/A		
En-Route	M-NAV	En-Route		
Approach/TMA	M-NAV	Approach/TMA		
Airfield/TWR/GND	M-NAV	Airfield/TWR/GND		
AIS	M-NAV	AIS		
MET Military MET service and M-N MET service		MET		
SAR	A Specialised Military Unit	SAR		
TSA/TRA monitoring	Civil Military co-ordination group	FIS		
Other:		None		
Additional Information:		Additional Information:		

Military ANSP providing GAT services SES certified?	N/A	If YES, since:		Duration Certificate:	of	the		
Certificate issued by:			If NO, is this fact with SES regular	•	the E0	C in acc	ordance	

#### User role

If Military fly OAT-IFR inside controlled airspace, specify the available options:				
Free Routing Y Within specific corridors only				
Within the regular (GAT) national route network	Υ	Under radar control	Υ	
Within a special OAT route system		Under radar advisory service		

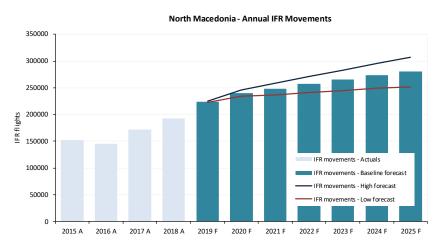
If Military fly GAT-IFR inside controlled airspace, specify existing special arrangements:								
No special arrangements Exemption from Route Charges							Υ	
Exemption from flow and capacity (ATFCM) measures			Υ	Provision of ATC in UHF			Υ	
CNS exemptions: RVSM Y 8.33				Υ	Mode S	N/A	ACAS	Υ
Others: None								

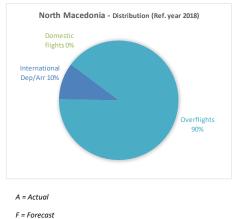
## Flexible Use of Airspace (FUA)

Military in the Republic of North Macedonia applies FUA requirements as specified in the Regulation No 2150/2005:	Υ
FUA Level 1 implemented: Y	
FUA Level 2 implemented: Y	
FUA Level 3 implemented :N	

# 2. Traffic and Capacity

#### 2.1. Evolution of traffic in North Macedonia





EUROCONTROL Seven-Year Forecast (Autumn 2019)											
IFR flights ye	IFR flights yearly growth 2016 A 2017 A 2018 A 2019 F 2020 F 2021 F 2022 F 2023 F 2024 F 2025 F								2025 F		
North Macedonia	Н				16.5%	9.4%	5.4%	4.6%	4.3%	4.4%	3.9%
	В	-4.3%	17.5%	12.7%	16.0%	7.5%	3.3%	3.4%	3.1%	3.2%	2.6%
	L				15.4%	5.4%	1.0%	1.6%	1.5%	1.7%	1.0%
ECAC	В	2.8%	4.0%	3.8%	1.1%	2.3%	1.9%	2.2%	1.8%	1.9%	1.4%

#### 2019

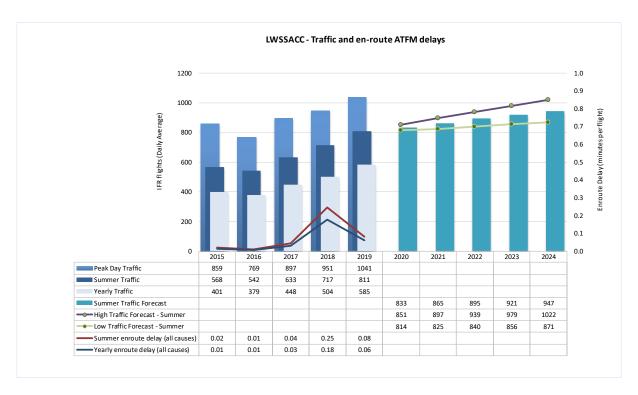
Traffic in North Macedonia increased by 15.5% in 2019 compared to 2018.

#### 2020-2025

The EUROCONTROL Seven-Year forecast predicts an average annual traffic growth between 2.1% and 5.3%, with an average baseline growth of 3.9% throughout the planning cycle.

#### 2.2. SKOPJE ACC

# Traffic and en-route ATFM delays 2015-2024



#### Performance summer 2019

Skopje ACC	Traffic evolution (2019 vs 2018)			En-route Delay	y (min. per flight)	Capacity		
	Traffic Forecast				ACC Reference	(2019 vs 2018)		
	Current Routes	Shortest Routes	Actual Traffic	All reasons	Value	Planned	Achieved	Capacity
Year	<b>H:</b> 6.4%		+16.1%	0.06	0.19	l laimea		gap?
Summer	<b>B:</b> 5.0% <b>L:</b> 3.0%	+27%	+13.0%	0.08		67 (+5%)	68 (+6%)	No

The delays decreased from 0.25 minutes per flight in during Summer 2018 to 0.08 minutes per flight during Summer 2019.

58% of the Summer delays were due to the reason Weather, 33% to ATC Capacity, and 9% were due to ATC Staffing.

The ACC capacity baseline was estimated with ACCESS to be at 68. During the measured period the average peak 1 hour was 60 and the average peak 3 hour was 54.

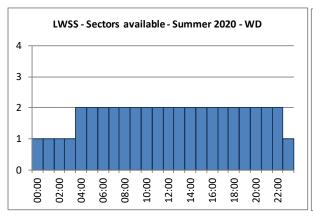
Operational actions	Achieved	Comments
Traffic occupancy counts during night shifts	No	Not implemented due to staff shortage during night shifts.
New software for roster and shifts planning for better planning of human resources	No	Not implemented yet due to prolonged operational testing.
Maximum configuration: 3 sectors	Yes	

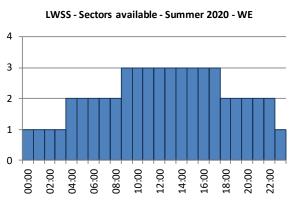
# Planning Period 2020-2024 – Summer

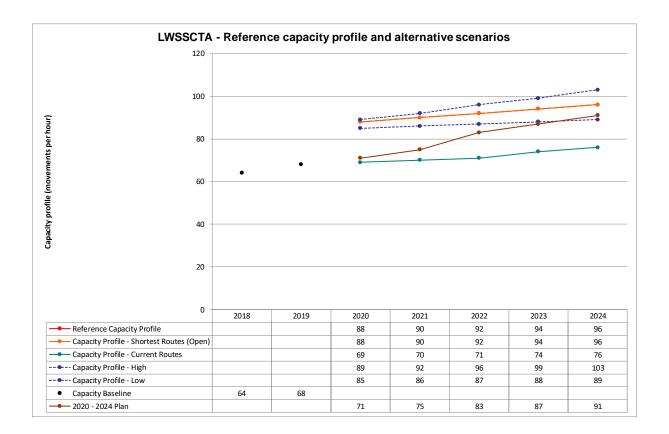
The planning focuses on the Summer season to reflect the most demanding period of the year from a capacity perspective. This approach ensures consistency with the previous planning cycles.

The measures for each year are the measures that will be implemented before the summer season.

Summer Capacity Plan							
	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024		
Free Route Airspace							
Airspace Management							
Advanced FUA							
Airport & TMA Network Integration							
Cooperative Traffic Management							
Airspace							
Procedures							
Staffing	New rostering software	5 additional ATCOs	5 additional ATCOs				
Technical			New ATM system				
Capacity	Longer periods with 3 sectors open		Dynamic DFL				
Significant Events							
Max sectors	3	3	4	4	4		
Planned Annual Capacity Increase	5%	5%	10%	5%	5%		
Reference profile Annual % Increase	29%	2%	2%	2%	2%		
Current Routes Profile % Increase	1%	1%	1%	4%	3%		
Difference Capacity Plan v. Reference Profile	-19.3%	-16.7%	-9.8%	-7.4%	-5.2%		
Difference Capacity Plan v. Current Routes Profile	2.9%	7.1%	16.9%	17.6%	19.7%		
Annual Reference Value (min)	0.21	0.15	0.12	0.11	0.11		
Additional information	New system:  The implementation of the new ATM system is planned for the end of 2021. Additional capacity increase of at least 10% is planned for 2022.						







#### 2020-2024 Planning Period Outlook

A capacity gap could be expected during the full planning period if traffic continues to grow towards the reference scenario hypothesis (shortest routes). However the likelihood of this scenario is linked to the impact of fuel prices and ATC service costs on airspace user's route choices.

In order to mitigate the possible capacity gap as early as possible, stricter management of human resources will be applied in 2020 through procurement of automated rostering software which is in the final phase of testing, allowing further extension of the utilization periods of maximum 3-sector configuration.

In relation to the dynamic changing of DFL between sectors, the current system capabilities are very limited as they allow selecting the DFL between Lower/Upper from three predefined values only. However, even the current implementation with switching the DFL between FL345/FL355 and FL365 is beneficial for the optimization of the sectorisation.

The combined effects of human resources planning and selectable DFL between Lower/Upper sectors will allow an increase of the capacity in 2020 of approximately 5%.

The implementation of the new ATM system will allow fully dynamic changing of DFL. The new functionalities provided by the new system will allow an increase of the overall capacity of approximately 10%. Having in mind resent developments the new ATM, is expected to be fully functional by the end of 2021.

# 3. Implementation Projects

The tables below presents the high-level information about the main projects currently ongoing in North Macedonia. The details of each project are available in Chapter 2 of the Level 2 - Detailed Implementation Status document.

## **National projects**

Name of project:	Organisation(s):	Schedule:	Status:	Links:
ILS/MM/DME LWOH	M-NAV (MK)	By the end of 2020	Public procurement is planned for March 20201	-
MET	M-NAV (MK)	30/06/2020	Training of the affected personnel in completed.  OAT is expected to be done during early spring 2020  The system is expected to be fully functional by the end of 2020.	-
New ATM System Project	M-NAV (MK)	31/12/2021	At the moment, Leonardo and M-NAV have finalized SAD (System Architecture Design) and SSS (System Segment Specification) documents in which each requirement from CfT specification is linked with at least one or more adequate System Segment specification Requirements SSR-ID(s). After months of common work (Leonardo, M-NAV and Eurocontrol) and the conduction of 5 SDR (system Design Review) sessions, both parties can conclude that each UR (more than 2K in total) has a proper link(s) with SSS for each software module. After finalizing this stage, the next steps are foreseen in the PMP.	L3: ATC17
New ATM System Project	M-NAV (MK)	31/12/2021	At the moment, Leonardo and M-NAV have finalized SAD (System Architecture Design) and SSS (System Segment Specification) documents in which each requirement from CfT specification is linked with at least one or more adequate System Segment specification Requirements SSR-ID(s). After 4 months of common work (Leonardo, M-NAV and Eurocontrol) and the conduction of 5 SDR (system Design Review) sessions, both parties can conclude that each UR (more than 2K in total) has a proper link(s) with SSS for each software module which gives us a good starting position for the phases that will follow.	L3: ATC12.1, ATC17

Name of project:	Organisation(s):	Schedule:	Status:	Links:
New ATM System Project - New technical and ops room for the new ATM - Construction of building	M-NAV (MK)	Planned	All preparation regarding the start of the construction work is done. Construction permit is obtained.  - Start of construction works on the new ATM building in the Q1 2020.  - End of construction work August/September 2020.	-
Supply and installation of new DME for Skopje Airport	M-NAV (MK)	By the end of 2020.	Public procurement planned for March 2020.	L3: NAV03.1, NAV10
VoIP	M-NAV (MK)	30/06/2021	Technical specification prepared. The tender is expected to be open during the Q2 2020.	L3: COM11.1, COM11.2

# 4. Cooperation activities

#### 4.1. Multinational cooperation initiatives

In order to achieve some of the Master Plan Level 3 implementation Objectives, the North Macedonian ATM Stakeholders will have to co-ordinate some of its actions with a number of adjacent ATS units. The LSSIP document will also help to foster regional co-ordination with neighbouring states by identifying mutually dependent actions. Republic of North Macedonia constantly promotes and boosts the co-operation in the region through their active participation in several regional initiatives and agreements, as listed below:

- Radar Data Sharing Agreement with Bulgaria, Albania, Serbia and Greece
- Bilateral agreement of co-ordination in ATM field with Bulgaria
- European Common Aviation Agreement (ECAA) with European Commission
- An agreement with Albania concerning the delegation of ATS. The buffer zone of Albanian airspace in vicinity of Ohrid airport has been delegated to the North Macedonian authorities in order to facilitate terminal operation at the Ohrid Airport (implemented with the Ohrid TMA re-organisation)
- Special co-operation agreement with the NATO-KFOR
- DANUBE FAB observer status
- GO (Gate One)

The long term regional improvements addressed the creation of common interconnected regional communication network and network topology.

Currently, the regional network encapsulated the links between Sofia, Varna, Skopje, Athens and Bucharest ACCs. There is a tendency for incorporation to the network of Beograd and Istanbul ACCs. The connectivity between Skopje and Sofia locations is established by 64K and ISDN links (back-up). The data transmitted over this line include AFTN, OLDI, radar data, LB VOIP and administrative VOIP. The link between Skopje and Athens is 64 K and it is used for AFTN data exchange/OLDI and ISDN back-up line.

#### Multilateral Agreement on the Establishment of a European Common Aviation Area (ECAA)

The European Commission has launched the negotiations on the ECAA Agreement with the South East European partners, including the Republic of North Macedonia in March 2005. The European Commission has reached an agreement to create a European Common Aviation Area with the Republic of North Macedonia, seven more countries from South Eastern Europe, Norway and Iceland in December 2005.

The European Common Aviation Area (ECAA) will create a seamless and efficient European air transport network, linking European people, countries and cultures, and play a vital role in the further integration and development of Europe as a whole. The ECAA agreement has been signed by all contracting parties on 9 June 2006 in Luxembourg. The National Assembly of the Republic of North Macedonia ratified the ECAA agreement in March 2007.

The ATM issues are covered by the Article 13 of the ECAA agreement that underlines a commitment of the contracting parties to extend to Single European Sky to the ECAA and fully associate them with the development of an ATM Master Plan and its implementation throughout the SESAR programme.

Note: With regard to the obligation for alignment of national law with European legislation stipulated in Annex I of the ECAA agreement and having in mind the fact that Annex I has not be revised since 2008, the legal system of the Republic of North Macedonia is in compliance only with the ATM legislation of SES Package 1. Transposition of SES II was initialised on the bases of the amendments of the Aviation Act enacted in 2016 and is ongoing.

#### DANUBE FAB observer status

On the sixth meeting of the Governing Council of the DANUBE FAB which was held on 28th October 2015 in Sofia, Observer Status was granted to the Republic of North Macedonia. This new observer status for the Republic of North Macedonia, endorsed by the Governing Council, demonstrates DANUBE FAB's commitment to cooperate with the neighbouring countries to the fullest extent possible in order to improve the European ATM Network.

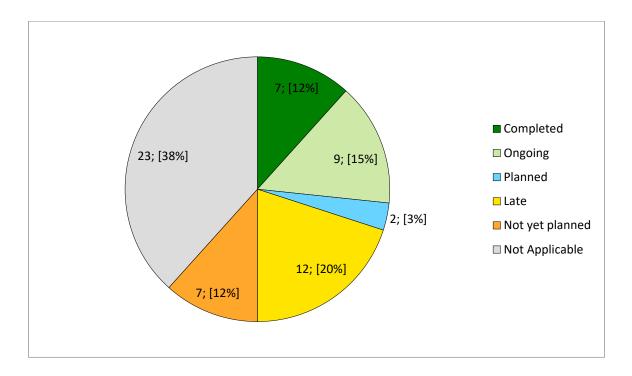
#### GO (Gate One)

The CEOs of the GO Initiative, which includes designated ANSPs covering 3 existing FABs (Baltic FAB, Danube FAB and FAB CE) and 2 non-EU FIRs (Belgrade and Skopje) - at their meeting in Sofia on 3rd December agreed to strengthen their operational and technical cooperation. As a pilot common project the CEOs proposed to launch a study to synchronize cross-border Free Route (FRA) implementation in the region for the airspace serviced by GO members.

# 5. Implementation Objectives Progress

### 5.1. State View: Overall Objective Implementation Progress

The graph below shows progress for all Implementation Objectives (applicable and not applicable to the State).



Most of the stated objectives are late, being dependent of the deployment of the new ATM system, expected for 2021. Unfortunately, the whole project suffered multiple delays, due to diverse reasons. Nevertheless, we expect the project, since it is of major importance for the implementation of the European ATM Master Plan in North Macedonia, to be finalized according to the given dates.

It should be noted that most of the SES Regulations have now been transposed into the national legislation and are now binding, adding an additional implementation burden on the national stakeholders.

## 5.2. Objective Progress per SESAR Key Feature

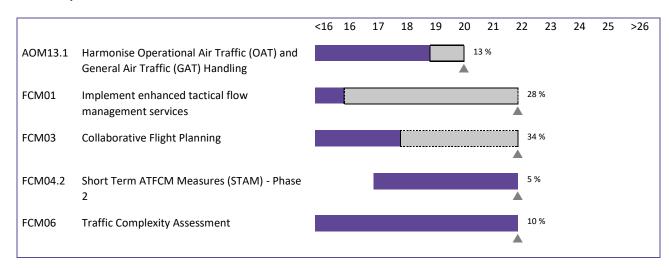
The Implementation objectives progress charts per Key Feature below show progress only for Implementation Objectives applicable to the State/airport and which are not local objectives.

Note: The detailed table of links between Implementation Objectives and SESAR Key Features is available in Annex C: Implementation Objectives' links with SESAR, ICAO and DP.

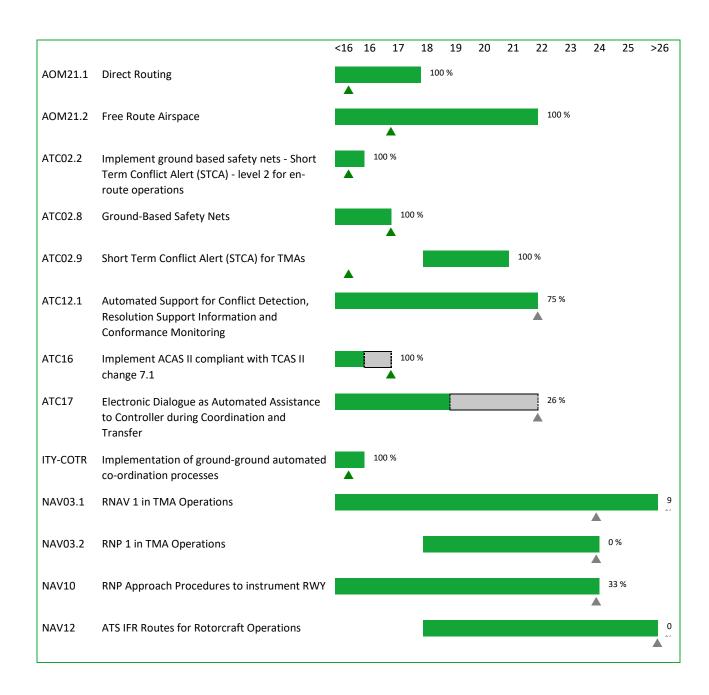
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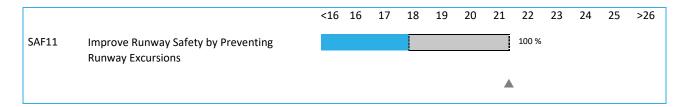
# Optimised ATM Network Services



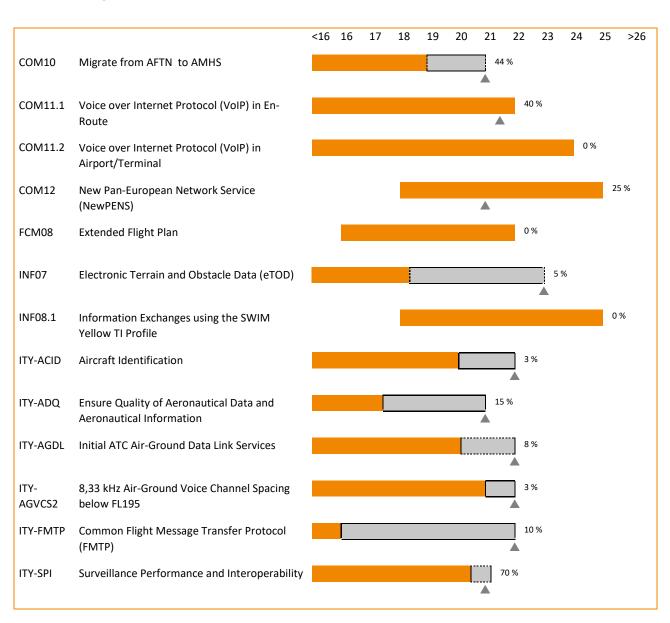








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#### **5.3.ICAO ASBU Implementation Progress**

The following table shows, for each of the ASBU Block 0 modules, the overall status, the final date foreseen for completion and the percentage of progress achieved in the current cycle.

These results were determined using the LSSIP Year 2019 declared statuses and progress of the relevant Implementation objectives in accordance with the mapping approved by the ICAO EUR EASPG/1 meeting (European Aviation System Planning Group).



# **5.4. Detailed Objectives Implementation progress**

Objective/Stakeholder Progress Code:				
Completed		Not yet planned		
Ongoing		Not Applicable		
Planned		Missing Data		
Late				

## **Main Objectives**

AOM13.1	Harmonise Operational Air Traffic (OAT) and General Air Handling <u>Timescales:</u> Initial operational capability: 01/01/2012 Full operational capability: 31/12/2018	Traffic (GAT)	13%	Late
Key Feature: C	Optimised ATM Network Services			
All stakeholders in North Macedonia dedicated significant effort in preparations of implementation of certain provisions from EUROAT document specifications.  Few meetings were held and during this year, it is expected by the CAA to introduce the EUROAT Doc. and dully inform EUROCONTROL of its implementation.				
REG (By:12/20	·			
CAA	All stakeholders in North Macedonia dedicated significant effort in preparations of implementation of certain provisions from EUROAT document specifications.  Few meetings were held and during this year, it is expected by the CAA to introduce the EUROAT Doc. and dully inform EUROCONTROL of its implementation.	-	40%	Late 01/02/2020
Mil.	-	-	10%	Late
Authority ASP (By:12/20:	10)			01/01/2020
Mil.	18)			Lata
Authority	-	-	10%	Late 01/01/2020
M-NAV	All stakeholders in North Macedonia dedicated significant effort in preparations of implementation of certain provisions from EUROAT document specifications.  Few meetings were held and during this year, it is expected by the CAA to introduce the EUROAT Doc. and dully inform EUROCONTROL of its implementation.	-	10%	Late 01/01/2020
MIL (By:12/201	18)			
Mil. Authority	Military traffic outside temporary restricted areas is handled by the civilian ATCOs. Common separation criteria are applied to GAT/OAT traffic. The migration to EAD is considered as not applicable due to non-existence of military AIS.	-	10%	Late 01/02/2020

AOM19.1	ASM Support Tools to Support Advanced FUA (AFUA)  (Outside Applicability Area) <u>Timescales:</u> - not applicable -		%	Not Applicable	
Links: B1-FRT(	Links: B1-FRTO, B1-NOPS   Key Feature: Optimised ATM Network Services				
	-				
There is no op	erational need for implementation of A-FUA			-	
ASP (By:12/20	ASP (By:12/2018)				
M-NAV	There is no operational need for implementation of A-FUA	-	%	Not Applicable -	

AOM19.2	ASM Management of Real-Time Airspace Data  AOM19.2 (Outside Applicability Area) <u>Timescales:</u> - not applicable -		%	Not Applicable	
Links: B1-FRTO, B1-NOPS   Key Feature: Optimised ATM Network Services					
	For the time being, there is no state plan and no operational need for further development of the ASM management.				
ASP (By:12/20	ASP (By:12/2021)				
M-NAV	For the time being, there is no state plan and no operational need for further development of the ASM management.	-	%	Not Applicable -	

AOM19.3	Full Rolling ASM/ATFCM Process and ASM Information Since the Country of the Count	naring	%	Not Applicable
Links: B0-FRT	O, B1-FRTO, B1-NOPS, B2-NOPS   Key Feature: Optimised A	TM Network Se	rvices	
No state plan for implementing full rolling ASM/ATFCM process. No operational need for further development of the existing ASM procedures because of very low level of operational traffic.				-
ASP (By:12/20	21)			
M-NAV	No state plan for implementing full rolling ASM/ATFCM process. No operational need for further development of the existing ASM procedures because of very low level of operational traffic.	-	%	Not Applicable -

AOM19.4	Management of Pre-defined Airspace Configurations  (Outside Applicability Area) <u>Timescales:</u> - not applicable -		%	Not Applicable
Links: B1-FRTO, B1-NOPS   Key Feature: Optimised ATM Network Services				
No plans for implementation of pre-defined airspace configurations as no operational need has been identified				
ASP (By:12/2021)				
M-NAV	Still no plans for implementation of pre-defined airspace configurations.	-	%	Not Applicable -

AOM21.2	Free Route Airspace <u>Timescales:</u> Initial operational capability: 01/01/2015 Full operational capability: 31/12/2021		100%	Completed
Links: B0-FRTO, B1-FRTO   Key Feature: Advanced Air Traffic Services				
	-			
FRA implemented in Skopje FIR above FL245, 24/7, on 23/06/2016			01/12/2016	
ASP (By:12/2021)				
NA NIANA	FRA implemented in Skopje FIR above FL245, 24/7, on		100%	Completed
M-NAV	23/06/2016	_	100%	01/12/2016

AOP04.1  Advanced Surface Movement Guidance and Control System A-SMGCS  Surveillance (former Level 1)  Timescales: - not applicable -		%	Not Applicable	
Links: B0-SURI	F   Key Feature: High Performing Airport Operations			
	LWSK - Skopje Airport (Outside Applicability Area)			
Macedonia is	not part of the objective applicability area. There is no ope	erational need f	or an A-	_
	SMGCS system.			
REG (By:12/20	10)			
CAA	-	-	%	Not Applicable -
ASP (By:12/20:	11)			
M-NAV	-	-	%	Not Applicable -
APO (By:12/2010)				
SKOPJE Airport	-	-	%	Not Applicable -

Advanced Surface Movement Guidance and Control System (A-SMGCS) Runway Monitoring and Conflict Alerting (RMCA) (former Level 2)  Timescales: - not applicable -		%	Not Applicable		
Links: B0-SUR	F   Key Feature: High Performing Airport Operations				
	LWSK - Skopje Airport  (Outside Applicability Area)				
Macedonia is not part of the objective applicability area. There is no operational need for an A-				_	
SMGCS systen					
ASP (By:12/20)	17)				
M-NAV	-	-	%	Not Applicable -	
APO (By:12/2017)					
SKOPJE Airport	-	-	%	Not Applicable -	

AOP05	Airport Collaborative Decision Making (A-CDM) <u>Timescales:</u> - not applicable -		%	Not Applicable	
Links: B0-ACD	Links: B0-ACDM, B0-RSEQ   Key Feature: High Performing Airport Operations				
	LWSK - Skopje Airport (Outside Applicability Area)				
All Airports ha	Republic of North Macedonia is not part of the objective applicability area.  All Airports handle less movements yearly, then the agreed threshold, according to the A-CDM Eurocontrol Manual.				
ASP (By:12/20	16)				
M-NAV	-	-	%	Not Applicable	
APO (By:12/2016)					
SKOPJE Airport	-	-	%	Not Applicable	

AOP10	Time-Based Separation <u>Timescales:</u>		%	Not Applicable
Links: B1_RSF0	- not applicable - Q, B2-WAKE   Key Feature: High Performing Airport Operat	tions		
EIIIKS. DI KSEC	LWSK - Skopje Airport			
	(Outside Applicability Area)			
Not Applicable	e for Skopje Airport, outside of Applicability Area			-
REG (By:12/20	23)			
CAA	-	-	%	Not Applicable -
ASP (By:12/202	23)			
M-NAV	-	-	%	Not Applicable -
CAA	-	-	%	Not Applicable

AOP11	Initial Airport Operations Plan <u>Timescales:</u> - not applicable -		%	Not Applicable	
Links: B1-ACDM   Key Feature: High Performing Airport Operations					
	LWSK - Skopje Airport				
	(Outside Applicability Area)				
Not Applicable	Not Applicable for Skopje Airport. The low level of traffic and its lack of impact on the Network				
does not justif	does not justify the implementation of an AOP.				
ASP (By:12/202	21)				
M-NAV	-	-	%	Not Applicable -	
APO (By:12/2021)					
SKOPJE Airport	-	-	%	Not Applicable -	

AOP12	Improve Runway and Airfield Safety with Conflicting ATC Clearances (CATC) Detection and Conformance Monitoring Alerts for Controllers (CMAC) <u>Timescales:</u> - not applicable -		%	Not Applicable
Links: B2-SUF	RF   Key Feature: High Performing Airport Operations			
	LWSK - Skopje Airport (Outside Applicability Area)			
Not Applicab	le for Skopje Airport, outside of Applicability Area. Not nee	ded due to the	low	
	c and low complexity.			-
ASP (By:12/20				
M-NAV	-	-	%	Not Applicable
APO (By:12/2	 020)			-
				Not
SKOPJE	-	-	%	Applicable
Airport				-
AOP13	Automated Assistance to Controller for Surface Moveme and Routing  Timescales:  not applicable	nt Planning	%	Not Applicable
Links: B1_ACI	<ul> <li>- not applicable -</li> <li>DM, B1-RSEQ, B2-SURF   Key Feature: High Performing Airp</li> </ul>	ort Operations		
LIIKS. DI ACI	LWSK - Skopje Airport  (Outside Applicability Area)	ort Operations		
	e, LWSK is not a PCP high performing airport			-
REG (By:12/20	023)	I	1	
CAA	Not applicable, LWSK is not a PCP high performing airport	-	%	Not Applicable
ASP (By:12/20	023)			
M-NAV	No operational need for applying this objective due to low traffic at LWSK	-	%	Not Applicable
	-			
	Ground-Based Safety Nets			
ATC02.8	Timescales: Initial operational capability: 01/01/2009 Full operational capability: 31/12/2016		100%	Complete
Links: BO-SNE	T, B1-SNET   Key Feature: Advanced Air Traffic Services			
	-			
TWR. The im	implemented APW and MSAW. APM has been already imp plementation of Approach Path Monitoring (APM) will be re mentation of the Mode-S sensors and traffic volume at the	eassessed depe		31/12/201
		<u> </u>		
ASP (By:12/20	)16)			

volume at the Skopje airport

M-NAV

The implementation of Approach Path Monitoring

will be reassessed in 2018 depending in the implementation of the Mode-S sensors and traffic

(APM) and download of TCAS Resolution Advisor (RA)

31/12/2016

100%

ATC02.9	Short Term Conflict Alert (STCA) for TMAs <u>Timescales:</u> Initial operational capability: 01/01/2018 Full operational capability: 31/12/2020		100%	Completed
Links: B0-SNE	T, B1-SNET   Key Feature: Advanced Air Traffic Services			
	-			
which in our c	is used in TMA is the same STCA that is used En-route, usi ase, taking into account the complexity of the TMA and the purpose. Multi-hypothesis algorithm is not used as not	e traffic level, is		31/12/2009
ASP (By:12/20	20)			
	The STCA that is used in TMA is the same STCA that is			Completed
M-NAV	used En-route, using the same algorithm, which in our case, taking into account the complexity of the TMA and the traffic level, is sufficient for the purpose.	-	100%	31/12/2009

ATC07.1	AMAN Tools and Procedures <u>Timescales:</u> - not applicable -		%	Not Applicable	
Links: B0-RSEC	Q   Key Feature: Advanced Air Traffic Services				
	LWSK - Skopje Airport				
	(Outside Applicability Area)				
There is no operational need for AMAN tool but an arrival sequencing function is already implemented				-	
ASP (By:12/20	19)				
M-NAV	There is no operational need for AMAN tool but an arrival sequencing function is already implemented	-	%	Not Applicable -	

ATC12.1	Automated Support for Conflict Detection, Resolution Sur Information and Conformance Monitoring <u>Timescales:</u> Initial operational capability: 01/01/2015 Full operational capability: 31/12/2021	ipport	75%	Ongoing	
Links: B1-FRT	O   Key Feature: Advanced Air Traffic Services				
	-				
	ITCD have been implemented (conflict resolution function in the new ATM system.	is not available)	. TCT is	31/12/2021	
ASP (By:12/20	ASP (By:12/2021)				
	MONA and MTCD have been implemented. TCT is	New ATM		Ongoing	
M-NAV	planned for the new ATM system.	System Project	75%	31/12/2021	

ATC15.1	Information Exchange with En-route in Support of AMAN  (Outside Applicability Area) <u>Timescales:</u> - not applicable -	l	%	Not Applicable	
Links: B1-RSE	Q   Key Feature: Advanced Air Traffic Services				
	-				
There is no op	erational need and justification for AMAN tool.			-	
ASP (By:12/20	ASP (By:12/2019)				
M-NAV	There is no operational need and justification for AMAN tool.	-	%	Not Applicable -	

ATC15.2	Arrival Management Extended to En-route Airspace  (Outside Applicability Area) <u>Timescales:</u> - not applicable -		%	Not Applicable	
Links: B1-RSE	Q   Key Feature: Advanced Air Traffic Services				
	-				
So far, there i	s no operational need for implementation of Arrival Mana irspace.	gement to be ex	tended	-	
	ASP (By:12/2023)				
M-NAV	So far, there is no operational need for implementation of Arrival Management to be extended to en-route airspace.	-	%	Not Applicable -	

ATC17	Electronic Dialogue as Automated Assistance to Contro Coordination and Transfer <u>Timescales:</u> Initial operational capability: 01/01/2013 Full operational capability: 31/12/2018	ller during	26%	Late
Key Feature:	Advanced Air Traffic Services			
Will be part of	of the new ATM system, planned to be operational by 31/	12/2021		31/12/2021
ASP (By:12/20	, ,,	12/2021		31/12/2021
		New ATM		Late
		System		
M-NAV	Will be part of the new ATM system, planned to be	Project /	26%	
IVIIVAV	operational by 31/12/2021	New ATM	2370	31/12/2021
		System		
		Project		

COM10	Migrate from AFTN to AMHS <u>Timescales:</u> Initial operational capability: 01/12/2011 Full operational capability: 31/12/2018		44%	Late
Key Feature: Enabling the Aviation Infrastructure				
M-NAV has implemented the EUROCONTROL Communication Gateway (ECG), which replaced the previous AFTN system. ECG as a means of AMHS compliance satisfies the AFS requirements for Macedonia.  Regarding ICAO requirements migration of OPMET Data Exchange of Traditional Alphanumeric Code to IWXXM, M-NAV plans to upgrade existing AFTN/AMHS switch with basic services to AFTN/AMHS with extended services.  The deadline for implementation is April 2021.				
AFTN/AMHS	M, M-NAV plans to upgrade existing AFTN/AMHS switch with extended services.  for implementation is April 2021.	•		
AFTN/AMHS The deadline	M, M-NAV plans to upgrade existing AFTN/AMHS switch with extended services.  for implementation is April 2021.	•		Late 31/12/2020

COM11.1	Voice over Internet Protocol (VoIP) in En-Route <u>Timescales:</u> Initial operational capability: 01/01/2013 Full operational capability: 31/12/2021		40%	Ongoing	
Key Feature: I	nabling the Aviation Infrastructure				
	-				
Planned with	Planned with the new communication system.			30/06/2021	
ASP (By:12/20	ASP (By:12/2021)				
M-NAV	Planned with the new communication system	VoIP	40%	Ongoing	
IVI-INA V	Planned with the new communication system.	VOIP	70/0	30/06/2021	

COM11.2	Voice over Internet Protocol (VoIP) in Airport/Terminal <u>Timescales:</u> Initial operational capability: 01/01/2013 Full operational capability: 31/12/2023		%	Not Applicable
Key Feature: E	nabling the Aviation Infrastructure			
	-			
TMA and airpo	ort terminal do not need VoIP. Communication limited to a	idjacent Skopje	ACC.	-
ASP (By:12/20	23)			
M-NAV	-	VoIP	%	Not Applicable
				-

COM12	New Pan-European Network Service (NewPENS) <u>Timescales:</u> Initial operational capability: 01/01/2018 Full operational capability (33 ANSPs): 31/12/2020		25%	Ongoing
Links: B1-SWI	M   Key Feature: Enabling the Aviation Infrastructure			
	-			
-				31/12/2020
ASP (By:12/20	24)			
M-NAV	M-NAV participates in NEW PENS procurement process		25%	Ongoing
IVI-IVA V	and plans to connect to NEW PENS.	-	23/0	31/12/2020
APO (By:12/2024)				
SKOPJE				Not
0110102	-	-	%	Applicable
Airport				-

Continuous Descent Operations (CDO)  ENV01  Timescales: - not applicable -		0%	Not yet planned	
Links: B0-CDO, B1-CDO   Key Feature: Advanced Air Traffic Services				
	LWSK - Skopje Airport			
	(Outside Applicability Area)			
In the following months, depending on the availability of resources, M-NAV will elaborate and analyze further needs and requirements for applying CDO.				-
ASP (By:12/202	23)			
M-NAV	-	-	0%	Not yet planned
APO (By:12/2023)				
SKOPJE Airport	-	-	%	Not Applicable

FCM03	Collaborative Flight Planning <u>Timescales:</u> Initial operational capability: 01/01/2000 Full operational capability: 31/12/2017		34%	Late	
Links: B0-NOP	Links: B0-NOPS   Key Feature: Optimised ATM Network Services				
	-				
Will be part of the new ATM system, planned to be operational by 31/12/2021.			31/12/2021		
ASP (By:12/2017)					
D.4. D.1.0.) /	Will be part of the new ATM system, planned to be		34%	Late	
M-NAV	operational by 31/12/2021.	-	3470	31/12/2021	

FCM04.2	Short Term ATFCM Measures (STAM) - Phase 2 <u>Timescales:</u> Full operational capability: 31/12/2021		5%	Ongoing
Key Feature: Optimised ATM Network Services				
	-			
Currently there is no operational need for STAM P2. However, the new system will have the capability to support STAM P2.  The new system is planned to be operational 31/12/2021			31/12/2021	
ASP (By:12/20	21)			
ASP (By:12/20	<b>21)</b> Currently there is no operational need for STAM P2.			Ongoing

FCM05	Interactive Rolling NOP  (Outside Applicability Area)  Timescales: - not applicable -		%	Not Applicable
Links: B1-ACD	M, B1-NOPS   Key Feature: Optimised ATM Network Servi	ces		
	-			
M-NAV has no need and no plans to deploy LARA in a near future therefore the AIXM 5.1 interface is not applicable. AOP is not being implemented at Skopje Airport therefore there is no need for integration into the NOP				
ASP (By:12/20)	21)			
M-NAV	-	-	%	Not Applicable -
APO (By:12/2021)				
SKOPJE Airport	-	-	%	Not Applicable -

FCM06	Traffic Complexity Assessment <u>Timescales:</u> Full operational capability: 31/12/2021		10%	Ongoing	
Links: B1-NOP	Links: B1-NOPS   Key Feature: Optimised ATM Network Services				
	-				
Planned for implementation within the new ATM system			31/12/2021		
ASP (By:12/2021)					
N.4. NI.A.V.	Diamand for implementation within the new ATM system		10%	Ongoing	
M-NAV	Planned for implementation within the new ATM system	-		31/12/2021	

FCM08	Extended Flight Plan <u>Timescales:</u> Initial operational capability: 01/01/2016 Full operational capability: 31/12/2021		0%	Not yet planned	
Links: B1-FICE	Links: B1-FICE   Key Feature: Enabling the Aviation Infrastructure				
	-				
No Plan yet, p	No Plan yet, pending evolution of the concept.			-	
ASP (By:12/20	21)				
M-NAV	No Plan yet, pending evolution of the concept	-	0%	Not yet planned	
				-	

INF07	Electronic Terrain and Obstacle Data (eTOD) <u>Timescales:</u> Initial operational capability: 01/11/2014 Full operational capability: 31/05/2018		5%	Late	
Key Feature: Enabling the Aviation Infrastructure					
CAA still has to develop a regulatory framework and adopt a national TOD policy.  Depending on the CAA's fulfillment of the obligations, M-NAV will develop a TOD implementation plan and act accordingly.				31/12/2022	
REG (By:05/20	18)				
CAA	CAA still has to develop a regulatory framework and adopt a national TOD policy.	-	0%	Late 31/05/2022	
ASP (By:05/20	18)				
	Depending on the CAA's fulfillment of the obligations,			Late	
M-NAV	M-NAV will develop a TOD implementation plan and act accordingly.	-	10%	31/12/2022	
APO (By:05/2018)					
SKOPIF	Depending on the CAA's fulfillment of the obligations,			Late	
Airport	LWSK will develop a TOD implementation plan and act accordingly.	-	10%	31/12/2022	

INF08.1	Information Exchanges using the SWIM Yellow TI Profile <u>Timescales:</u> - not applicable -		%	Not yet planned	
Links: B1-DATM, B1-SWIM   Key Feature: Enabling the Aviation Infrastructure					
	<u> </u>				
No plans for t	his implementation objective.			-	
ASP (By:12/20	24)				
M-NAV	No plans for this implementation objective.	-	%	Not yet planned	
MIL (By:12/202	24)			-	
Mil. Authority	No plans for this implementation objective.	-	%	Not yet planned -	
APO (By:12/20	APO (By:12/2024)				
SKOPJE Airport	No plans for this implementation objective.	-	%	Not yet planned -	

ITY-ACID	Aircraft Identification <u>Timescales:</u> Entry into force of the Regulation: 13/12/2011  System capability: 02/01/2020		3%	Late
Key Feature: I	Enabling the Aviation Infrastructure			
	-			
To be implemented in the new ATM system latest 31/12/2021			31/12/2021	
ASP (By:01/2020)				
M-NAV	To be implemented in the new ATM system		3%	Late
	To be implemented in the new ATM system	-	3/0	31/12/2021

Ensure Quality of Aeronautical Data and Aeronautical Information  Timescales:  Entry into force of the regulation: 16/02/2010  Article 5(4)(a), Article 5(4)(b) and Article 6 to 13 to be implemented by: 30/06/2013  Article 4, Article5(1) and Article 5(2), Article 5(3) and Article 5(4)(c) to be implemented by: 30/06/2014  All data requirements implemented by: 30/06/2017		15%	Late	
Links: B0-DATM   Key Feature: Enabling the Aviation Infrastructure				
	-			
-	-			31/12/2020
REG (By:06/20	17)			
	The Reg(EU)73/2010 and Reg(EU)1029/2014 are			Late
CAA	transposed into national legislation under ARC NO 6.9 with effective date 01/2018.	-	10%	31/12/2020
ASP (By:06/20	17)			
M-NAV			27%	Late
IVI-INA V	I-NAV -		2/70	31/12/2020
APO (By:06/20	017)			
SKOPJE			0%	Late
Airport	-	_	570	31/12/2020

ITY-AGDL Links: B0-TBO	Initial ATC Air-Ground Data Link Services  Timescales:  ATS unit operational capability: 05/02/2018  Aircraft capability: 05/02/2020  Key Feature: Enabling the Aviation Infrastructure		8%	Late
The data link a	air-ground, ground-ground infrastructure capabilities and a por 2021, without prejudice to the evolution of the technica of the Regulation.		_	31/12/2021
REG (By:02/20	•			
CAA	CAA to approve the operational deployment of data link services by M-NAV. FHA, PSSA for the new ATM system has been approved by the CAA.	-	5%	Late 31/12/2021
ASP (By:02/20	18)			
M-NAV	The data link air-ground, ground-ground infrastructure capabilities and ATM system upgrades are planned for 2021.	-	8%	Late 31/12/2021
MIL (By:01/20	19)			
Mil. Authority	State transport fleet is not flying above FL 285.	-	%	Not Applicable -
ITY-AGVCS2	8,33 kHz Air-Ground Voice Channel Spacing below FL195  Timescales:  Entry into force: 07/12/2012  New and upgraded radio equipment: 17/11/2013  New or upgraded radios on State aircraft: 01/01/2014  Interim target for freq. conversions: 31/12/2014  All radio equipment: 31/12/2017  All frequencies converted: 31/12/2018  State aircraft equipped, except those notified to EC: 31/12  State aircraft equipped, except those exempted [Art 9(11)]	2/2018	3%	Ongoing
Key Feature: E	nabling the Aviation Infrastructure			
- REG (By:12/20	- 18)			31/12/2021
CAA	This objective will be covered in 2021 through support to states	-	0%	Planned 31/12/2021
ASP (By:12/20)	18)			Ongoing
M-NAV	-	-	5%	Ongoing 31/12/2020
MIL (By:12/202	20)			
Mil. Authority	Compelling technical or budgetary constraints do not allow the equipage of State Aircraft	-	%	Not Applicable -
APO (By:12/20	-			
SKOPJE Airport	Due to the expected high level of non-equipped traffic (general aviation, military traffic, etc.) it will not be possible to convert any of the airport frequency assignments. therefore the AOP SLoAs are considered as Not Applicable	-	%	Not Applicable -

ITY-FMTP	Common Flight Message Transfer Protocol (FMTP) <u>Timescales:</u> Entry into force of regulation: 28/06/2007 All EATMN systems put into service after 01/01/09: 01/01/ All EATMN systems in operation by 20/04/11: 20/04/2011 Transitional arrangements: 31/12/2012 Transitional arrangements when bilaterally agreed betwee 31/12/2014		10%	Late	
Links: B0-FICE, B1-FICE   Key Feature: Enabling the Aviation Infrastructure					
	-				
The new FDPS will support the OLDI data exchanged over TCP/IP V6. Will be part of the new ATM system, planned to be operational by the 31/12/2021				31/12/2021	
ASP (By:12/20	14)				
	M-NAV implemented the OLDI data exchange via TCP/IP			Late	
M-NAV	by a dedicated router, which encapsulates X.25 data packages into TCP/IP protocol. The new FDPS will support the OLDI data exchanged over TCP/IP V6.	-	10%	31/12/2021	
MIL (By:12/20	MIL (By:12/2014)				
Mil. Authority	Military does not provide ATS and does not have the ATM system because there is no operational need for it, all ATS services for military flight are provided by civil ANSP M-NAV.	-	%	Not Applicable -	

ITY-SPI	Surveillance Performance and Interoperability  Timescales:  Entry into force of regulation: 13/12/2011  ATS unit operational capability: 12/12/2013  EHS and ADS-B Out in transport-type State aircraft: 07/06/2020  ELS in transport-type State aircraft: 07/06/2020  Ensure training of MIL personnel: 07/06/2020  Retrofit aircraft capability: 07/06/2020		70%	Late
Links: B0-ASUR   Key Feature: Enabling the Aviation Infrastructure				
-			31/12/2020	
REG (By:02/20	15)			
CAA	The Regulation is transposed into national legislation.(see Part 1.3 EU regulations transposed into national Legislation)	-	10%	Late 01/07/2020
ASP (By:02/20	15)			
M-NAV	The Regulation is transposed into national legislation. (see Part 1.3 EU regulations transposed into national Legislation)	-	85%	Late 31/12/2020
MIL (By:06/20	20)			
Mil. Authority	No operational need for the military regarding this SloA.	-	%	Not Applicable -

NAV03.1	RNAV 1 in TMA Operations  Timescales: Initial operational capability: 01/01/2001 Locally determined number of RNAV1 SID/STAR, where established: 06/06/2030			
Links: B0-CCO	, BO-CDO, B1-RSEQ   Key Feature: Advanced Air Traffic Ser	vices		
RNAV 1 in TM	the national plans, the availability and the plans for furthed A operations is in progress. Edium term goal in the PBN implementation plan, RNAV 1 of 1018-2023.	·		31/12/2023
REG (By:06/20	30)			
CAA	-	-	10%	Ongoing 31/12/2023
ASP (By:06/20	30)			
M-NAV	Implementation of P-RNAV procedures within Skopje TMA is foreseen for the end of 2023.	Supply and installation of new DME	8%	Ongoing
	The PBN implementation plan is subject to Government approval, and all affected stakeholders will produce the required procedures, accordingly.	for Skopje Airport		31/12/2023

NAV03.2	RNP 1 in TMA Operations  Timescales: Start: 07/08/2018 Locally determined number of RNP1 SID/STAR, where established.: 06/06/2030			Planned
Links: B1-RSEC	Q   Key Feature: Advanced Air Traffic Services			
PBN impleme	- NP 1 in TMA is foreseen to be implemented with the time ntation plan. n goal in the PBN implementation plan, RNP operations in			31/12/2023
REG (By:06/20	30)			
	Meetings have taken place (part of the EUROCONTROL			Planned
CAA	support to states agenda items). The implementation plan is in phase of being reviewed by the ANSP. The CAA workplan has been drafted. Working Groups meetings between stakeholders are taking place are taking place	-	%	31/12/2023
ASP (By:06/20				
	The plan for RNP 1 in TMA is foreseen to be			Planned
M-NAV	implemented with the time frame defined in the PBN implementation plan. It is up to CAA to approve the PBN implementation plan, and accordingly, M-NAV will efficiently produce the required procedures, taking into account the managerial decision with the priorities between RNAV and RNP operations in TMA.	-	0%	31/12/2023

NAV10	RNP Approach Procedures to instrument RWY <u>Timescales:</u> Initial operational capability: 01/06/2011 Instrument RWY ends served by precision approach (inclu airports): 25/01/2024 Instrument RWY ends without precision approach at othe instrument RWYs.: 25/01/2024	33%	Ongoing	
Links: B0-APT	A   Key Feature: Advanced Air Traffic Services			
	<u>-</u>			
The PBN implementation plan (PBN IP) will be effective after the proposed changes into the Aviation Act are accepted.  According to the proposed PBN IP, The implementation of the roadmap steps are defined in the PBN implementation plan.  The first LNAV/VNAV/Baro procedures are expected to be implemented by 03/12/2021.  The Regulator is expected to establish proper procedures for training of all involved personnel, design criteria and monitoring of the signal.				
REG (By:01/20	<u> </u>			
KEG (By.01/20	The PBN implementation plan (PBN IP) will be effective after the proposed changes into the Aviation Act are			Ongoing
CAA	accepted. According to the proposed PBN IP, The implementation of the roadmap steps are defined in the PBN implementation plan. The first LNAV/VNAV/Baro procedures are expected to be implemented by 03/12/2020. The Regulator is expected to establish proper procedures for training of all involved personnel, design criteria and monitoring of the signal.	-	10%	31/12/2023
ASP (By:01/20	24)			
M-NAV	LNAV/VNAV (APV/Baro) procedures for Skopje TMA are planned to be implemented by the 03/12/2020.	Supply and installation of new DME for Skopje Airport	40%	Ongoing 31/12/2023
	ATC IFD Doubes for Determine to Committee			
NAV12	ATS IFR Routes for Rotorcraft Operations <u>Timescales:</u> IFR ATS route above/below FL150, SID and STAR for Rotor Operations, where established: 06/06/2030	craft	%	Not yet planned
Links: B1-APT	A   Key Feature: Advanced Air Traffic Services			
extremely lov	peing, there is no operational need for IFR routes in TMA for rotorcrafts traffic.	or Rotorcraft, du	ie to	-
REG (By:06/20	(30) 	I	I	
CAA	-	-	%	Not yet planned -
ASP (By:06/20	1 30)			
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				Not yet
M-NAV	-	-	%	planned

	Improve Runway Safety by Preventing Runway Excursion	ıs		
SAF11	<u>Timescales:</u>		20%	Late
SAFII	Initial operational capability: 01/09/2013		20%	Late
	Full operational capability: 31/01/2018			
Key Feature:	High Performing Airport Operations			
-	-			
The CAA plan excursion.	es to adopt certain parts from the European Action Plan fo	r prevention of	runway	04 /05 /2024
The stakeholders are expected to fulfill their obligations in accordance with the prescribed provisions from the EAFPPRE.				01/06/2021
REG (By:01/20	018)			
	This objective will be covered with support from			Late
	Eurocontrol under Support to States. The support is plan			
CAA	for 2020 and 2021.Futhermore, there is nominated focal		0%	
CAA	points from all stakeholders in our State, which will	-	0 /0	01/06/2021
	establish communication and undertake the necessary			
	activities.			
ASP (By:12/20	14)			
				Not yet
M-NAV	-	_	0%	planned
				-
Mil.				Not yet
	-	-	0%	planned
Authority				-
APO (By:12/20	)14)		·	
Mil.			100%	Completed
Authority	-	_	100%	31/12/2018
SKOPJE			100%	Completed
Airport	-	_	100%	31/12/2018

# Additional Objectives for ICAO ASBU Monitoring

AOM21.1	Direct Routing <u>Timescales:</u> Initial Operational Capability: 01/01/2015 Full Operational Capability: 31/12/2017		100%	Completed
Links: B0-FRT	D, B1-FRTO   Key Feature: Advanced Air Traffic Services			
	-			
•	outing was implemented in 2013, at the time planned for pon of full FRA in Skopje FIR. Full FRA in Skopje FIR above FL in June 2016.		he	24/04/2013
	17)			
ASP (By:12/20	•			
<b>ASP (By:12/20</b> M-NAV	-	-	100%	Completed 24/04/2013

ATC02.2	Implement ground based safety nets - Short Term Conflicture - level 2 for en-route operations  Timescales: Initial operational capability: 01/01/2008 Full operational capability: 31/01/2013	ct Alert (STCA)	100%	Completed
Links: B0-SNE	Γ   Key Feature: Advanced Air Traffic Services			
	has been implemented on the ATM system deployed for s PP. The system at Ohrid APP is also equipped with the STC	-	n at	31/12/2009
ASP (By:01/20	13)			
	STCA function has been implemented by all ATS units			Completed
M-NAV	that provide radar service. The ATCO training on STCA was done in 2009.	-	100%	31/12/2009

ATC16	Implement ACAS II compliant with TCAS II change 7.1  Timescales: Initial operational capability: 01/03/2012 Full operational capability: 31/12/2015			Completed
Links: B0-ACA	S   Key Feature: Advanced Air Traffic Services			
See comments REG (By:12/20	s at stakeholder level. 15)			31/12/2016
CAA	-	-	100%	Completed 31/12/2016
ASP (By:03/20	12)			
M-NAV	The training has been completed during the refresher ATC course at the end of 06/2012.  A monitoring system of the performance of ACAS in the ATC environment has been established in 12/2012	-	100%	31/12/2012
MIL (By:12/20	15)			
Mil. Authority	No State aircraft fulfil the criteria for equipage.	-	%	Not Applicable -

FCM01	28%	Late		
Links: B0-NOF	S   Key Feature: Optimised ATM Network Services			
	-			
The provision of correlated surveillance data to ETFMS and implementation of FSA will be of the new ATM system, planned to be operational by 31/12/2021.				31/12/2021
ASP (By:07/20	14)			
. , , ,				
. , , , , , , , ,	M-NAV decided to procure a new ATM system, which is required for ARTAS implementation, and FDPS upgrade.			Late

ITY-COTR	Implementation of ground-ground automated co-ordination Timescales: Entry into force of Regulation: 27/07/2006 For putting into service of EATMN systems in respect of not initial coordination processes: 27/07/2006 For putting into service of EATMN systems in respect of Rev Coordination, Abrogation of Coordination, Basic Flight Data to Basic Flight Data: 01/01/2009 To all EATMN systems in operation by 12/2012: 31/12/2012	ification and vision of and Change	100%	Completed
Links: B0-FICE	Key Feature: Advanced Air Traffic Services			
send and rece	TM systems at Skopje ACC/APP/TWR and Ohrid APP/TWR uive complete set of OLDI messages (ACT, LAM, PAC, REV, Machrollers who could interact, modify and send back to the F	AC ABI), to pre		30/06/2004
send and rece	ive complete set of OLDI messages (ACT, LAM, PAC, REV, Ma ontrollers who could interact, modify and send back to the F	AC ABI), to pre		30/06/2004
send and rece them to the co	ive complete set of OLDI messages (ACT, LAM, PAC, REV, Ma ontrollers who could interact, modify and send back to the F	AC ABI), to pre		30/06/2004 Completed 30/06/2004
send and rece them to the co ASP (By:12/20	ive complete set of OLDI messages (ACT, LAM, PAC, REV, Machine on trollers who could interact, modify and send back to the Fact of the REV/PAC/MAC are implemented. ROF/COF/MAS/LOF and NAN will be implemented in the new ATM system.	AC ABI), to pre	sent	Completed

## **Local Objectives**

Note: Local Objectives are addressing solutions that are considered beneficial for specific operating environments, therefore for which a clear widespread commitment has not been expressed yet. They are characterised with no deadline and voluntary applicability area.

	Remote Tower Services		Not
AOP14	Applicability and timescale: Local	%	Applicable
Limber D1 DAT			Applicable
LINKS: D1-KATS	5   Key Feature: High Performing Airport Operations  LWOH - OHRID		
A			
At this time, ti	nere is no operational need for Remote tower at Ohrid.		-
	Remote Tower Services		Not
AOP14	Applicability and timescale: Local	%	Applicable
Links: R1_DAT	6   Key Feature: High Performing Airport Operations		Applicable
LIIKS. DI-KAT	LWSK - Skopje Airport		
No plan for im	plementation of Remote tower in Skopje, no operational need.		
NO Plan for in	plementation of kemote tower in Skopje, no operational need.		
	Enhanced traffic situational awareness and airport safety nets for the		
AOP15	vehicle drivers	%	Not
	Applicability and timescale: Local		Applicable
Links: B2-SURI	Key Feature: High Performing Airport Operations		
	LWSK - Skopje Airport		
Skopje airport	does not intent to implement. No surface movement surveillance aids available.	ailable.	-
AOP16	Guidance assistance through airfield ground lighting	%	Not
AUPIO	Applicability and timescale: Local	70	Applicable
Links: B1-RSEC	Q, B2-SURF   Key Feature: High Performing Airport Operations		
	LWSK - Skopje Airport		
Skopje airport	does not intent to implement. No surface movement surveillance aids av	ailable.	-
AOP17	Provision/integration of departure planning information to NMOC	%	Not yet
	Applicability and timescale: Local		planned
Links: B1-ACD	M, B1-NOPS   Key Feature: High Performing Airport Operations		
	LWSK - Skopje Airport		
Unavailability	of systems for ACDM and no much traffic.		-
AOP18	Runway Status Lights (RWSL)	%	Not
	Applicability and timescale: Local		Applicable
Links B2_SHR	F   Key Feature: High Performing Airport Operations		
LITIKS. DZ-SONI			
	LWSK - Skopje Airport		I

			I	
ATC18	Multi-Sector Planning En-route - 1P2T	%	Planned	
	Applicability and timescale: Local			
Key Feature: /	Advanced Air Traffic Services			
Diama adda ba			I	
	implemented in Skopje ACC, through the whole FIR.	•		
	implemented on all 6 sectors, but with only 2 planning positions. (1 plann	iing		
•	3 sectors). Maximum available positions is 8. capability with the new ATM system, however, the availability of this		31/12/2021	
	will be additionally assessed, taking into account the features of the new	ATR#		
_	crease and the complexity of the traffic.	Alivi		
system, the m	crease and the complexity of the trainc.		<u> </u>	
	Enhanced AMAN-DMAN integration			
ATC19		%	Not	
	Applicability and timescale: Local		Applicable	
Links: B2-RSE	Q   Key Feature: Advanced Air Traffic Services			
	-			
Skopje has no	needs, not a busy airport.		-	
	Enhanced STCA with down-linked parameters via Mode S EHS		Not yet	
ATC20		%	planned	
Applicability and timescale: Local				
Links: B1-SNE	T   Key Feature: Advanced Air Traffic Services			
			I	
Still under inv	estigation.		-	
	Airport Collaborative Environmental Management			
ENV02	Applicability and timescale: Local	%	Ongoing	
Kev Feature: I	High Performing Airport Operations			
	LWSK - Skopje Airport			
The airport Sa	fety Committee, regarding the impact on the environment, from the ATC	landing		
	procedures, performs regular measurements and monitoring twice a yea			
noise on two	referent points on the Airport Skopje. The first being the Aerodrome Refer	ence	24 /42 /222	
Point, and the	second is at the begging of the threshold.		31/12/2020	
Delayed to 31	/12/2020.			
ENV03	Continuous Climb Operations (CCO)	%	Not	
	Applicability and timescale: Local		Applicable	
Links: B0-CCO	Key Feature: Advanced Air Traffic Services			
A1 · · ·	LWOH - OHRID			
No operation	al need exist for CCO in Ohrid.		-	
	Continuous Climb Operations (CCO)		Not yet	
ENV03	Applicability and timescale: Local	%	planned	
Links: B0-CCO			pianilea	
	LWSK - Skopje Airport			
After the ado	ption of the PBN Implementation Plan, the relevant procedures for applica	tion of		
CCO will be as			-	
	<del></del>		l	

# 6. Annexes

# A. Specialists involved in ATM implementation reporting for North Macedonia:

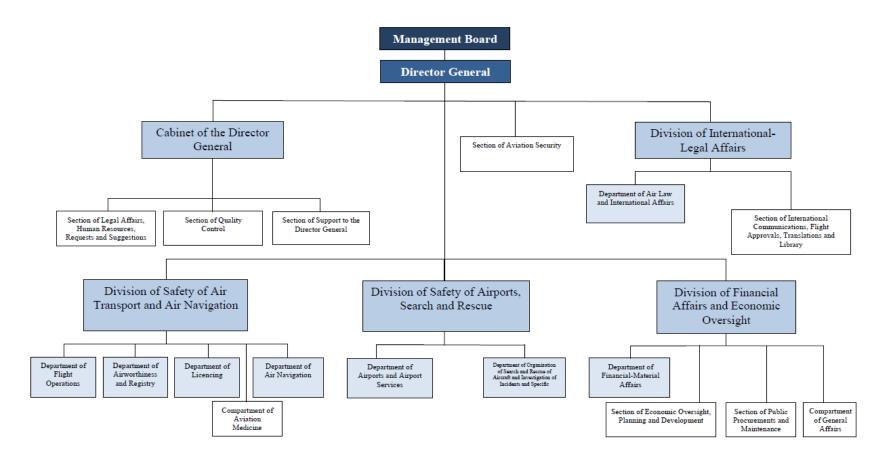
## LSSIP Co-ordination

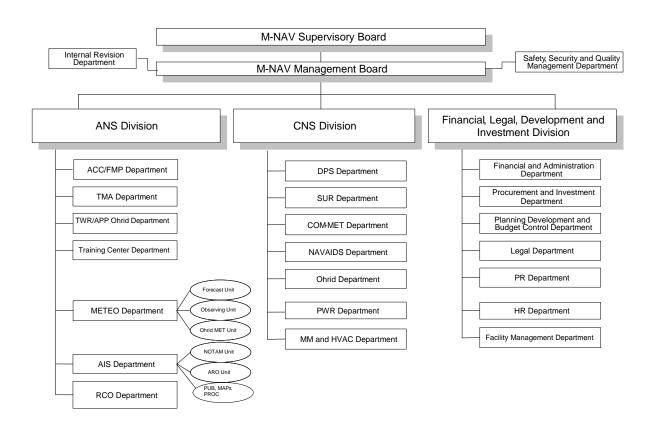
LSSIP Focal Points	Organisation	Name
LSSIP National Focal Point	M-NAV	Jasminka GOCEVSKA
LSSIP Focal Point for NSA/CAA	CAA	Irena LAZAREVSKA Hristina NASKOVSKA
LSSIP Focal Point for ANSP	M-NAV	Jasminka GOCEVSKA
LSSIP Focal Point for Airport	Skopje Airport	Sasho SHTERJOV
LSSIP Focal Point for Military	North Macedonian Aviation Operation Unit	Maj. Ljupco ARNAUTOVSKI

Other Focal Points	Organisation	Name
Focal Point for U-space		MARKOVSKA Katarina (ANSP) FILIPOV Aleksandar(ANSP) LAZAREVSKA Irena (CAA) STOJANOVSKI Dragi (CAA)
Focal Point for NETSYS		JAKIMOV Milan (ANSP) PALCEVSKI Aleksandar (ANSP) LAZAREVSKA Irena (CAA) IVANOV Gjorgi (CAA)

#### B. National stakeholders organisation charts

#### ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE OF THE CIVIL AVIATION AGENCY





#### C. Implementation Objectives' links with SESAR KF, ASBU blocks and more

The table below (extracted from the MPL3 Progress Plan 2019) shows for each implementation objective, the links with the SESAR Key Features, Major ATM Changes, SESAR 1 Solutions, Deployment Program families, ICAO ASBU, EASA EPAS and AAS TP milestones.

Level 3 Implementation Objectives	SESAR Key Feature	Major ATM change	SESAR Solution	DP family	ICAO ASBU B0, B1, B2	EPAS	AAS TP
AOM13.1 - Harmonise OAT and GAT handling	S.X	FRA & A-FUA	-	-	-	1	-
AOM19.1 - ASM tools to support A-FUA	X	FRA & A-FUA	#31	3.1.1	B1-FRTO B1- NOPS	-	AM-1.8
AOM19.2 - ASM management of real-time airspace data	X	FRA & A-FUA	#31	3.1.2	B1-FRTO B1-NOPS	-	AM-1.8
AOM19.3 - Full rolling ASM/ATFCM process and ASM information sharing	S.X	FRA & A-FUA	#31	3.1.3	B1-FRTO B1-NOPS B2-NOPS	1	AM-1.8
AOM19.4 – Management of Pre-defined Airspace Configurations	X	FRA & A-FUA	#31	3.1.4	B1-FRTO B1-NOPS	-	-
FCM03 - Collaborative flight planning	S. X	ATFCM	-	4.2.3	BO-NOPS	-	AM-1.14
*FCM04.1 – STAM phase 1	X	ATFCM	-	4.1.1	-	1	-
FCM04.2 - STAM phase 2	X	ATFCM	#17	4.1.2	-	-	AM-1.11
FCM05 - Interactive rolling NOP	X	NOP	#20, #21	4.2.2 4.2.4	B1-ACDM B1- NOPS	-	AM-1.12
FCM06 - Traffic Complexity Assessment	, X	ATFCM	#19	4.4.2	B1-NOPS	1	AM-1.13
FCM07 - Calculated Take-off Time (CTOT) to Target Times for ATFCM Purposes	° X	ATFCM	#18	4.3.1 4.3.2	B1-NOPS	-	AM-1.9
FCM09 - Enhanced ATFM Slot swapping	· X	ATFCM	#56	-	B1-NOPS	-	

Level 3 Implementation Objectives	SESAR Key Feature	Major ATM change	SESAR Solution	DP family	ICAO ASBU B0, B1, B2	EPAS	AAS TP
*AOM21.1 - Direct Routing	Z)	Free Route	#32	3.2.1 3.2.3	BO-FRTO B1-FRTO	-	-
AOM21.2 - Free Route Airspace	Z	Free route	#33, #66	3.2.1 3.2.4	B1-FRTO	-	AM-1.6 AM-1.10 AM-5.1
ATC02.8 - Ground based safety nets	E	ATM Systems	-	3.2.1	BO-SNET B1-SNET	-	-
ATC02.9 – Enhanced STCA for TMAs	Z	ATM Systems	#60	-	BO-SNET B1-SNET	MST.030	-
ATC07.1 - Arrival management tools	E	Enhanced Arrival Seq	-	1.1.1	B0-RSEQ	-	-
ATC12.1 - MONA, TCT and MTCD	Z	ATM Systems	#27, #104	3.2.1	B1-FRTO	-	AM-1.15 AM-5.1
ATC15.1 – Initial extension of AMAN to En-route	Z	Enhanced Arrival Seq	-	1.1.2	B1-RSEQ	-	-
ATC15.2 - Extension of AMAN to En-route	E	Enhanced Arrival Seq	#05	1.1.2	B1-RSEQ	-	AM-1.3
ATC17 - Electronic Dialog supporting COTR	Z	Free Route	-	3.2.1	-	-	AM-1.3
ATC18 – Multi Sector Planning En-route – 1P2T	Z	Free Route	#63	-	-	-	AM-4.3 AM-5.1
ATC19 - Enhanced AMAN-DMAN integration	Z	Enhanced Arrival Seq	#54	-	B2-RSEQ	-	-
ATC20- Enhanced STCA with down-linked parameters via Mode S EHS	Ž	ATM Systems	#69	-	B1-SNET	-	-
ENV01 – Continuous Descent Operations	E	PBN	-	-	B0-CDO B1-CDO	-	-
ENV03 – Continuous Climb Operations	Z	PBN	-	-	B0-CCO	-	-
NAV03.1 – RNAV1 in TMA Operations	Z	PBN	#62	-	B0-CDO B0-CCO B1-RSEQ	RMT.0639 RMT.0445	-

Level 3 Implementation Objectives	SESAR Key Feature	Major ATM change	SESAR Solution	DP family	ICAO ASBU B0, B1, B2	EPAS	AAS TP
NAV03.2 – RNP1 in TMA Operations	Ž)	PBN	#09, #51	1.2.3 1.2.4	B1-RSEQ	RMT.0639 RMT.0445	-
NAV10 - RNP Approach Procedures to instrument RWY	X	PBN	#103	1.2.1 1.2.2	во-арта	RMT.0639 RMT.0445 RMT.0643	-
NAV12 – ATS IFR Routes for Rotorcraft Operations	Z)	PBN	#113	-	B1-APTA	MST.031	-
AOP04.1 - A-SMGCS Surveillance (former Level 1)	₩	Surface mgt	#70	2.2.1	BO-SURF	-	-
AOP04.2 - A-SMGCS RMCA (former Level 2)	₩*	Surface mgt	-	2.2.1	B0-SURF	-	-
AOP05 - Airport CDM	₩	Collaborative Apt	#106	2.1.1 2.1.3	B0-ACDM B0-RSEQ	-	-
AOP10 - Time Based Separation	₩	Enhanced ops in vicinity of rwy	#64	2.3.1	B1-RSEQ B2-WAKE	-	1
AOP11 - Initial Airport Operations Plan	₩	Collaborative Apt	#21	2.1.4	B1-ACDM	-	-
AOP12 - Improve RWY and Airfield safety with CATC detection and CMAC	₩	Surface mgt	#02	2.1.2 2.5.1	B2-SURF	-	-
AOP13 – Automated assistance to Controller for Surface Movement planning and routing	₩	Surface mgt	#22 #53	2.4.1	B1-ACDM B1-RSEQ B2-SURF	-	-
AOP14 – Remote Tower Services	₩*	Remote Tower	#12, #71, #52, #13	-	B1-RATS	RMT.0624	-
AOP15 - Enhanced traffic situational awareness and airport SNET for the vehicle drivers	**************************************	Surface mgt	#04	-	B2-SURF	-	-
AOP16 - Guidance assistance through airfield ground lighting	***	Surface mgt	#47	-	B1-RSEQ B2-DURF	-	-
AOP17 - Provision/integration of departure planning information to NMOC	₩*	Collaborative Apt	#61	-	B1-ACDM B1-NOPS	-	-

Level 3 Implementation Objectives	SESAR Key Feature	Major ATM change	SESAR Solution	DP family	ICAO ASBU B0, B1, B2	EPAS	AAS TP
AOP18 - Runway Status Lights (RWSL)	₩*	Surface mgt	#01	-	B2-SURF	-	-
ENV02 – Airport Collaborative Environmental Management	<b>₩</b> ×	Collaborative Apt	-	-	-	-	-
NAV11 - Implement precision approach using GBAS CAT II/III based on GPS L1	*	Enhanced ops in vicinity of rwy	#55	ı	B1-APTA	-	-
SAF11 - Improve runway safety by preventing runway excursions	**	Surface mgt	-	ı	-	MST.007 RMT.0570 RMT.0703	-
COM10 - Migration from AFTN to AMHS	**************************************	CNS rat.	-	-	-	-	-
COM11.1 - Voice over Internet Protocol (VoIP) in En- Route	0 K	CNS rat.	-	3.1.4	-	-	AM-1.3
COM11.2 - Voice over Internet Protocol (VoIP) in Airport/Terminal	0 K	CNS rat.	-	-	-	-	-
COM12 - NewPENS	0 K	Pre-SWIM & SWIM	-	5.1.2 5.2.1	B1-SWIM	-	-
FCM08 – Extended Flight Plan	0 K	Pre-SWIM & SWIM	#37	4.2.3	B1-FICE	-	AM-1.4
INF07 - Electronic Terrain and Obstacle Data (e-TOD)	S CC	Pre-SWIM & SWIM	-	1.2.2	-	RMT.0703 RMT.0704 RMT.0722	-
INF08.1 - Information Exchanges using the SWIM Yellow TI Profile	**************************************	Pre-SWIM & SWIM	#35, #46	5.1.3, 5.1.4, 5.2.1, 5.2.2, 5.2.3, 5.3.1, 5.4.1, 5.5.1, 5.6.1	B1-DATM B1-SWIM	-	AM-1.5

Level 3 Implementation Objectives	SESAR Key Feature	Major ATM change	SESAR Solution	DP family	ICAO ASBU B0, B1, B2	EPAS	AAS TP
INF08.2 - Information Exchanges using the SWIM Blue TI Profile	80 m	Pre-SWIM & SWIM	#28, #46	5.1.3, 5.1.4, 5.2.1, 5.2.2, 5.2.3, 5.6.2	B1-DATM B1-SWIM	-	AM-9.1
INF09 - Digital Integrated Briefing	0 (C	Pre-SWIM & SWIM	#34	-	B1-DATM B1-SWIM	-	-
ITY-ACID - Aircraft identification	* A	CNS rat.	-	-	-	-	1
ITY-ADQ - Ensure quality of aeronautical data and aeronautical information	°S CC	Pre-SWIM & SWIM	-	1.2.2	B0-DATM	RMT.0722 RMT.0477	-
ITY-AGDL - Initial ATC air-ground data link services	86 G	Data link	-	6.1.1 6.1.3 6.1.4	во-тво	RMT.0524	AM-1.1
ITY-AGVCS2 – 8.33 kHz Air-Ground Voice Channel Spacing below FL195	°S (C	CNS rat.	-	-	-	-	-
ITY-FMTP - Apply a common flight message transfer protocol (FMTP)	% (C	Pre-SWIM & SWIM		-	B0-FICE B1-FICE	-	AM-1.3
ITY-SPI - Surveillance performance and interoperability	* C	CNS rat.	-	-	B0-ASUR	RMT.0679 RMT.0519	-

<sup>\*</sup> AOM21.1 was achieved in 2017 and FCM04.1 was achieved in 2018, therefore they were removed from the Implementation Plan 2018/2019. They are kept in this table for traceability purposes.

#### Legend:



#### D. SESAR Solutions implemented in a voluntary way<sup>3</sup>

This annex is considered as not applicable for North Macedonia.

These SESAR Solutions are not included yet in the ATM MP L3 Plan.

EUROCONTROL is tasked by the SJU to identify the implementation progress of functionalities corresponding to validated SESAR Solutions published in the SJU Solutions Catalogue (<a href="https://www.sesarju.eu/newsroom/brochures-publications/sesar-solutions-catalogue">https://www.sesarju.eu/newsroom/brochures-publications/sesar-solutions-catalogue</a>), for which there is no implementation Objective (yet) in the ATM MP L3 Plan. This will allow to identify early movers and to gauge the interest generated by some of these functionalities, with the view of potentially addressing them with new Implementation Objectives in the ATM MPL3 Plan.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Referred as 'Non-committed' SESAR solutions in the MP L3 Report.

# **E.** Military Organisations Infrastructure

This Annex is not produced in 2019. It will be updated every second year, therefore it will be produced as part of the LSSIP 2020 document.

In case information is sought on military infrastructure, previous LSSIP may be made available upon request to the respective Focal Point and/or Contact Person.

# F. Glossary of abbreviations

This Annex mainly shows the abbreviations that are specific to the LSSIP Document for North Macedonia.

Other general abbreviations are in the Acronyms and Abbreviations document in:

https://www.eurocontrol.int/airial/

Term	Description
AF	ATM Functionality
CAA	Civil Aviation Agency
FT	Fast Track
ISIS	Implementation of SES in South East Europe
M-NAV	North Macedonian Air Navigation Service Provider
MAOU	North Macedonian Aviation-Operation Unit
MASOC	North Macedonian Air-Sovereignty-Operations Center
PCP	Pilot Common Project
PDP	Preliminary Deployment Programme
S-AF	Sub ATM Functionality